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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 180 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 31, 1945 Price 2 Annas

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U. P. Officials Seek Governor's Protection

Congress Move Gives Them Jitters

Hallett To Discuss Issue With Viceroy

(From Our Correspondent)

LUCKNOW, July 30.

Officials who might have exceeded limits during the movement of 1942 are reported to have made strong representations to the Governor of U. P. protesting against inquiries being held by Congress Representative Assemblies in various districts in the province.

They contend that whatever they did then was according to the instructions received from the provincial headquarters and that they should be protected.

The officials fear, with the advent of Labour Government in England, there is every possibility of popular Governments forming at the centre and in the provinces and reports now under compilation by Congress Assemblies might be made the basis for taking action against those officials who exceeded their powers during the movement under borders. So they desire the banning of collection of material for such reports.

Because the Hallett regime in U. P. had beaten all other provincial governments in the repression movement, it is learnt that U. P. Governor Hallett will raise this matter at the Governors' Conference with the Viceroy.

Sir Maurice Hallett is also expected to raise the question regarding official attitude towards freedom week" celebrations that are being organised on a large scale throughout the province according to Congress President Moulana Azad.s statement. The Allahabad Congress Assembly is presenting copper martyrdom plates to those who lost their lives during the August movement.

"LIBERTY CROSSES" FOR MARTYRS

Feature Of Allahabad August Celebrations

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 30:. An interesting feature of August celebrations here will be the distribution of liberty crosses to the families of martyrs.

The following message from Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President will be engraved on the cross in Maulana's own hand writing in Urdu "unke yad men jinhone apne khoon se Hindustan ke bag ko sircha" (In memory those who watered the garden of Hindustan with their blood).

A special messenger has been sent to Gandhiji to secure his approval for the detailed programme for Martyrs Day here.

NEHRU'S HOMAGE TO MARTYRS

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru who is recuperating in Kashmir has expressed his inability to return to Allahabad to join August Celebrations.

In reply to a telegram sent by Babu Purushottamdas Tandon urging him to come, Pt. Nehru while paying homage to those who suffered in the cause of India's independence expressed his inability to come on that occasion.

Moulana Azad, Congress President, is suffering from sciatica. Several injections have done him no good. He is now using Indian medicines.

THREE GOVERNORS FOR DELHI

CALCUTTA, July 30. (A. P. I.): It is learnt that their Excellencies the Governors of Bengal, Assam and Orissa will leave Calcutta tomorrow morning for Delhi to attend the Governors' Conference convened by the Viceroy.

The conference will meet in Delhi on August 1 and 2.

His Excellency Sir Hawthorne Lewis, Governor of Assam, has arrived at Government House, Calcutta, on his way to Delhi.

Colville For Delhi

BOMBAY, Monday: Sir John Colville Governor of Bombay, attended by Mr. D. Symington, Secretary left for Delhi today.

SATYAGRAHA MOVE AGAINST SIND BAN

Nagpur Arya Samajists' Assurance To C. P. Assembly Speaker

NAGPUR, July 30 (A.P.I.): Prominent Arya Samajists of Nagpur have assured Mr. Ghanshyamdas Gupta, Speaker of the C. P. Assembly that if Arya Samaj decided to start Satyagraha movement against the ban on the 14th Chapter of Satyartha Prakash in Sind, Central Provinces and Berar alone would supply large number of volunteers. All Arya Samajists from Nagpur have unanimously approved of the suggestion of starting Satyagraha, says the President of the Nagpur Arya Samaj in a statement to the Associated Press of India.

Mr. Gupta had talks with Mahatma Gandhi last week on the question of ban on Satyartha Prakash and is proceeding to Delhi next week to participate in the Arya Samaj Conference to be held on August 12 and 13, at which this question will come up for the final decision.

DEATH OF MRS. HARDEVRAM VAKIL

Death took place on Sunday night of Mrs. Nanden Hardevram Nanabhoy Vakil at the age of 79. She was the daughter-in-law of the late Mr. Nanabhai Haridas, judge of the Bombay High Court, and mother of Mr. Kapilram H. Vakil.

1,000 Supers To Hit Japan

Okinawa To Be Used As Principal Strategic Base

GUAM, July 30 (Reuter): Fleets of over 1,000 Super-Fortresses will be striking Japan shortly, General Carl Spaatz declared when he arrived here to take over command of the United States Strategical Air Forces.

A strong hint that Okinawa would be the principal strategic base of the Far East air-ways, was given by Lieut-General James H. Doolittle, the Commanding General of the United States Eighth Air Force, speaking at his new headquarters at Okinawa yesterday. He also said that Super-Fortresses in the re-organised Eighth Air Force would be flying from Okinawa against Japan in a few weeks.

FIGHTING IN BURMA

KANDY, July 30 (A.P.I.): Today's S.E.A.C. communique says:

BURMA: Operations to clear enemy troops between the Mandalay-Rangoon road and the Sittang river continued although greater resistance was shown by the enemy in several villages strong points.

(SEE PAGE 6)

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari (ex-Premier of Madras) who delivered the Convocation Address at the S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University Bombay on Saturday at the Sunderabai Hall, snapped with Committee members on the occasion

BEATEN TORY CANDIDATE BREAKS DOWN INTO TEARS!

Sidelights On British Elections: Bevin's Appointment To Foreign Office, Eleventh Hour Change

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 30.

The Labour Government's foreign policy for the next 12 months, apart from urgent moves regarding housing and food is the most important problem and in the choice of Mr. Bevin, Mr. Attlee's move is generally praised even by the most diehard of Tory papers. Mr. Bevin is essentially a Union man. He is not an intellectual like Prof. Laski but he is indeed a strong man capable of giving good fight in international Assemblies for maintenance of peace and security.

On Saturday morning, I talked to a newly elected Labour Commoner at Beaver Hall. He assured me that the new Government would certainly carry forward policies for international co-operation which have been made and already developed in wartime. He added "Britain's adherence to those instruments for co-operation which have been set-up—the United Nations' Charter, Bretton Woods Agreement, United Nations' Food and Agricultural Association, Civil Aviation and others—May be taken for granted.

NEW GOVERNMENT'S FIRST TASK

One of its first tasks will be the ratification of the United Nations' Charter, the appointment of the British representative to lead the British delegation to the General Assembly to speak for Britain in the Security Council."

Mr. Bevin's appointment is further calculated to inspire, probably pacify a war-ravaged Europe which is suffering from a severe attack of nerves.

It was only at the last moment that Mr. Bevin became Foreign Minister. Until late hour on Friday afternoon, it had been decided, he should be Chancellor of the Exchequer in order to carry through a series of industrial and financial reforms based on Socialist principles. Dr. Dalton was to have been Foreign Minister but at the last, moment Mr. Attlee decided that Mr. Bevin was the only man suitable for the conduct of Labour's Foreign Policy.

"DICTATOR" BEVIN

Mr. Bevin's loyalty to Mr. Churchill under most trying circumstances was unquestioned, but Mr. Bevin objected to Conservative methods of fighting the election, making the issue not between Conservatism and Socialism, but between Churchill and anti-Churchill. Bevin who had himself been called dictator proves from his first election speech as well as his actions that with him the party came above all and above party came Socialist Britain. To-day, he is at Potsdam convinced in that creed. He has long experience of international affairs and has definite views as to how British foreign policy should be conducted and Mr. Attlee trusts him completely.

PEOPLES' CHAMPION

The new Labour Government with Mr. Bevin as Foreign Secretary will not be interested whether King of Greece retains his throne. It won't be concerned whether Belgium has monarchy or Republic. It will have broad, friendly policy towards Italy but not necessarily to the Lalian King. Yugoslavia will be its concern but not King Peter of Yugoslavia and by the same token, it will be no supporter of Franco or any Fascist junta in Spain.

Mr. Bevin had to be persuaded to

(Continued on page 5 column 6)

New Chinese Foreign Minister

Wang Shih Chieh Succeeds Dr. T. V. Soong

CHUNGKING, July 30 (Reuter): Mr. Wang Shih Chieh, Chinese Minister of Information, has been made Foreign Minister.

Mr. Wang Shih Chieh, who is 54, succeeds Dr. T. V. Soong who recently became Chinese Prime Minister to carry on the duties of the Foreign Minister after his new appointment.

Mr. Wang is a former professor at Pekin University. In 1928 he was a member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

"Bhulabhai Never Bypassed Congress"

Sri Prakasa Says Insinuation Against Desai "Nothing Short Of Scandal"

BENARES, July 30. (A.P.I.): The view that it is nothing short of a scandal that insinuations should be made against Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in connection with the negotiations that he carried on with Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan and the Viceroy is expressed by Mr. Sri Prakasa, M.L.A. (Central), Secretary of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly.

Mr. Sri Prakasa in the course of a statement says:

"Friends should not forget that the situation last winter was as dark as it could be, and there was no ray of light from anywhere and no iota of hope that the Working Committee would be released. The members of the Working Committee may have been indifferent to their own incarceration, but those who were out felt the poignancy of the situation terribly and were exceedingly unhappy. They were working hard to create a situation that could bring the Working Committee members out.

FRONTIER PRECEDENT

"It was clear from the precedent of the Frontier Province that the British Government were willing that there should be a Government at the Centre so constituted that it could be regarded as popular and which should, in its turn, take the responsibility of releasing political prisoners, as the Frontier Government had done. At that time it seemed to be clear that the Government itself was not willing to take any initiative in the matter.

"I do not see how Mr. Bhulabhai can be accused of having bypassed the Congress when he stipulated with Nawabzada Liaquat Ali that the first thing that the new Government would do, would be to release the Working Committee. All Congressmen are under the discipline of the Congress and it stands to reason that if after their release, the Working Committee had come to some conclusion, not in conformity with Mr. Bhulabhai's opinions, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai was at their disposal as any other Congressman. The clear feeling of Mr. Bhulabhai and everyone else was to get the Working Committee out anyhow so that normal political conditions may return and the tense situation be relieved.

"It is most unfair to interpret the condition that the first thing that the Bhulabhai-Liaqat Government—if it should come into existence—would do, would be to release the Working Committee, as meaning that they were not to be released till the new Government was formed. When the Government said that they would not take the responsibility of their release because they could take no risks, there seemed to be no other way out of the impasse than the one Mr. Bhulabhai suggested. We have every reason to be grateful to Mr. Bhulabhai for all he did, for to me, at least, it is clear that the releases and the conference that followed were all the result of his endeavours."

Chimur-Ashti Case Defence

NAGPUR, July 30 (A.P.I.): G. J. Ghate, Defence Counsel in the Chimur Ashti murder cases, may not go to London in connection with the appeal before the Privy Council as previously arranged.

In response to the cable from solicitors that the India Office insisted that the hearing of the appeal must take place in the present session, Mr. Ghate has cabled to London that if the postponement of the hearing to the next session could not be arranged, then the solicitors should argue the appeal in the present session.

STOP PRESS

LAVAL LEAVES SPAIN

MADRID, July 30 (Reuter): Laval left Spain by air this evening.

CHINESE REACH LINGCHWAN SUBURBS

CHUNGKING, July 30 (Reuter): Chinese troops have reached the southern suburbs of the walled city of Lingchwan, 15 miles north of Kweilin, the liberated capital of the southern Chinese province of Kwangsi, a Chinese communique reported today.

John Amery Raises Bolshevik Bogey

Urged British War Prisoners To Fight Against Russia

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): John Amery, 33-year-old son of the former Coalition Cabinet Minister and Secretary of State for India, Mr. L. S. Amery, made his second appearance in the police court at Bow Street to-day, accused of high treason.

A lengthy statement, alleged to have been made to two British intelligence officers by John Amery after his arrest, was read in which the accused outlined his anti-Communist and anti-Semitic views.

The court was crowded when John Amery, wearing a smart blue suit entered the dock and bowed stiffly to the Magistrate.

The charge alleged that between June 22, 1941 and April 25, 1945, John Amery adhered to the King's enemies elsewhere than in His Majesty's Realm, namely, in German and Italian realms and in those parts of Europe occupied or controlled by the King's enemies, contrary to the Treason Act of 1351.

"LEGION OF ST. GEORGE"

John Amery sat with his arms folded while Mr. L. A. Byrne, the legal representative of the Director of Public Prosecutions, outlined the case. Mr. Byrne pointed that during the summer of 1942, John Amery applied to the power protecting British interests on the Continent for a renewal of his passport, declaring himself a British subject by birth, and the renewal of the passport was granted.

The prosecution continued: "It is alleged the prisoner, acting on the enemy's behalf, urged British subjects, both soldiers and civilians interned in France, to join the military force which he called "the Legion of Saint George" In his attempt to gain recruits he visited the internment camp at Saint Denis, urging British subjects interned there to join this Legion telling them they would be used against the Russian Army and not against their own country men"

Among the literature distributed at the camp was a proclamation declaring that 150,000 British subjects were in prison in their own country because they had declared themselves against "this fratricidal war"

The proclamation described this as a violation of fundamental British rights, adding that the men thus interned in Britain had never been brought to trial and never been allowed to see legal representatives. It also declared that American troops were arriving in increasing numbers and that British naval bases were to be handed over to President Roosevelt's Administration.

BOLSHEVIK BOGEY

The proclamation referred to the "dangers" of Bolshevism and added: "I have approached the German Government to form a British Legion against Bolshevism known as the British Legion of Saint George.

"I appeal to all Britons to answer this call to arms in defence of our homes and children and of all civilisation against Asiatic and Jewish bestiality".

The Legion would be of a military and non-political character

(Continued on page 5 column 4)

"Big Three" To Censure Franco Regime

LONDON, July 30 (U. P. A.): The Big Three, in drafting the Potsdam Declaration are expected to devote a passage to censure Generalissimo Franco's regime, an authoritative diplomatic informant said today.

The informant confirmed that Sir Victor Mallet, the new British Ambassador to Spain who presented his credentials last week, already had told Franco that his regime is regarded in Britain with distaste and distrust. The source said that Sir Victor Mallet is not expected to follow up his statement with any further action until the final Potsdam declaration is issued.

Sir Victor's statement reflects the sentiment of the new Labour Government in more forthright terms than the Churchill government employed, according to diplomatic quarters.

(SEE PAGE 5)

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION MEETS

BERLIN, July 30. (Reuter): The Allied Control Commission for Germany held its first official meeting in Berlin today, cables Denis Martin Reuter's special correspondent. The chief representatives of the four Powers present were Field Marshal Sir Bernard Montgomery (Britain), General Dwight Eisenhower (the United States), General Koenig (France) and Marshal Zhukov (the Soviet Union).

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ANNOUNCEMENT

Dr. Rm. Alagappa Chettiar, D. Litt., L.L.D., M.A., Bar-at-Law, the well-known business magnate & industrialist of South India has been appointed Chairman and Managing Director of Jupiter General Insurance Co., Ltd., and the East & West Insurance Co., Ltd., both of Bombay, and he has taken over management of both these concerns from 30th July, 1945.

Dr. Alagappa Chettiar is the President of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce, Madras, Yarn Merchants' Association, Madras, Agent, Alagappa Textiles, Proprietors, Cochin Textiles, Ltd., Director, Indian Bank, Ltd., Travancore Fertilizers & Chemicals, Ltd., besides various other innumerable Directorships and business interests. His association with the two premier insurance institutions is bound to be of immense benefit.

REFORMIST TORY'S ADMISSION

Churchill's 'Greatest Blunder' Routed Conservatives

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): Mr. Quintin Hogg, Member of Parliament, who leads the Conservative Reform Committee, discussing general election lessons to-day in the "Daily Mail" writes the decision can only be explained as a consequence of a long and deepseated feeling of revulsion against the principles, practice and membership of the Conservative Party. This may seem a surprising admission for a Conservative to make. It will seem so only to those who do not understand that to a statesman or to a party which values its principles, defeat does not necessarily mean disaster, and temporary unpopularity is neither shameful nor ultimately avoidable.

"And it must be said with great respect but firmly that Mr. Winston Churchill's 'Gestapo' speech was the greatest blunder of the campaign."

Labour Party Pronouncements Alarm Muslim India?

LUCKNOW, July 30 (O.P.I.): "The overwhelming success of the Labour Party in elections has raised fresh questions in different parts of the world. Most Hindus are labouring under the misconception that with the coming of Labour in power, British policy towards India will undergo a change. Mussalmans entertain no fear but most important problem is that of Palestine. Syria and other Arab countries," said Moulana Jamal Mian of Farangi Mahal in an exclusive interview to the "Orient Press."

Continuing, he said, "Muslim India is greatly alarmed to read the recent pronouncements of some responsible members of the Labour Party with regard to British Policy towards the Middle East. Prof. Laski's statement that Conservatives would have played the Arab card to preserve their economic interests, but Labour believe in a close understanding with Russia, is a clear warning to the Muslim world. After the first world war, Mussalmans started the Khilafat Movement, but now they are able to muster up greater forces to launch a more effective campaign."

Deploring Moulana Azad's attitude in this connection, Moulana Jamal Mian said, "Mr. Jinnah had already sent a telegram to the Secretary of State when the Levantine crisis cropped up. It is, however, a pity that the Moulana Azad has congratulated the Labour Party on its success and deliberately ignored the legitimate grievances of Arabs and other Muslim countries."

Soviet Fear In Labour Victory

LONDON, July 30 (UPI): Soviet newspapers and broadcasters have acknowledged the victory of the Labour Party in a tone of rather reserved satisfaction, writes the special correspondent of the "Observer" on Russia's reactions to the Labour victory.

This relatively cool reception of the Labour Government by the Russian Press and Radio, adds the correspondent, is due to two factors. Russian commentators are very likely to wait before stating more definite attitude towards the new British Government until its foreign policy is more clearly and specifically defined.

Apart from this, adds the correspondent, so sweeping a victory of the Labour Party may have aroused somewhat mixed feelings in Moscow. While it gives the Russians some assurance that no hostile anti-Russian bloc will be formed under British leadership, it may also open up prospects of competition between Moscow and London for the allegiance of Leftists in Europe, a competition in which Socialist Westminster may be in a position to offer at least as many attractions to the working classes in the Continent as the Kremlin. Conservative Britain had, from this ideological view point, much less competitive capacity.

DR. RAJAN ON LABOUR VICTORY

TRICHINOPOLY, July 29 (A.P.I.): Commenting on the Labour Party's victory in the British elections, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, former Congress Minister, says: Unlike the previous Labour Government, the present Government with its absolute majority will have no handicaps. India should be pleased with the fact that the policy of Labour recently towards India has been more generous than that of any other party.

It is hard to forecast the effect of the Labour victory on the Simla impasse, but in the light of what Mr. Attlee and other Labour members expressed during the elections, one may justifiably hope for a good gesture from the Labour Government.

ROWJEE ON BR. ELECTION RESULT

BOMBAY, July 30 (O.P.I.): Mahomedbhoy L. M. Rowjee, in an exclusive statement to the "Orient Press" on Labour's success in the recent British General Elections says:—

"For the first time in the history of Great Britain, the Labour Party has won by a clear majority in Parliamentary election. They have received a clear mandate from the British people to put their principles into action. It is highly gratifying to note that all those candidates who had expressed their view in sympathy with India did very well in the elections. The British people as a whole evidently desire an immediate and satisfactory solution on the Indian problem which will result in the benefit of both the countries. I sincerely trust and hope that Mr. Atlee's sympathy for India will be immediately translated into action and he will give stimulus to the progressive forces in India. I further hope that he will authorize Lord Wavell to re-open his negotiations with the Indian leaders which were unfortunately abruptly ended due to the obduracy of Mr. Jinnah and his Muslim League. The result of the election will be an eye-opener to Mr. Jinnah and his party. If the British Government are determined to reach a reasonable solution of the Indian affairs, it is not at all beyond their reach and Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League, who were founded by the Tory clique and given practically a veto over the Indian problem, should be brushed aside unceremoniously. I heartily congratulate Mr. Attlee the new Prime Minister and the Labour Party for coming into power and I hope they will prove themselves true friends and sincere well-wishers and promote the welfare of the Indian population. I hope there will be fresh election for all Provincial Governments and the popular Governments may start working there.

CUTCH-KATHIAWAD HINDU SABHA SESSION

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, July 30: The Session of the Working Committee of the Cutch-Kathiawad Hindu Sabha was held here yesterday under the presidentship of Mr. Amritlal Panachand. It was unanimously decided to hold a conference of Cutch-Kathiawad Hindu Sabha at Rajkot on October 27.

A committee was appointed to enquire into the alleged harassment by Kathiawad States of their subjects.

EGYPT'S POPULATION DOUBLED IN LESS THAN 50 YEARS

CAIRO, July 30, (A. P. I.): Egypt's population has increased by almost three millions in eight years. It has doubled in less than fifty years.

Although the next census will not be taken before 1947 experts estimate the country's present population at 19,500,000. In 1937, it was about 16,700,000.

Egypt has one of the biggest birth rates in the world.

Hindustan Scout Association—Foundation Day

(By K. G. VAIDYANATHAN)

The Hindustan Scouts, very nearly fifty-thousand in number, scattered over the whole Province, celebrated the 27th July as 'Foundation Day' as on that day seven years ago this National Association was founded.

There was a time in the history of Scouting in this land, when our boys and girls were not admitted into the great World Brotherhood of Scouting, because it was thought by the originators of the movement that the Indian Boys and Girls could not understand and appreciate the principles of Scouting nor put them into practice. It was then, that the late Dr. Annie Besant and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya took it up as a challenge and started the Indian Boy Scouts Association in the South and the Seva Samiti Scout Association in the North.

The movement started by these two great nationalists became so popular that thousands of boys and girls all over India joined it and vindicated the honour of India as a nation. Later, however, be it said to the credit of the late Lord Baden-Powell of Gilwell, the founder of the movement, that he realised the injustice done to the Indian Youth and welcomed the Indian Scouts to join the International Brotherhood.

The Seva Samiti Scout Association was not quite satisfied with the 'bona fides' of the offer of the Chief Scout Baden-Powell and chose to remain apart as it felt that this merger might interfere with the national character of the Association.

The Indian Boy Scout Association founded by Dr. Annie Besant however, joined hands with the Boy Scouts' Association, generally known as the B. P. Association in the hope of making a really great Brotherhood of scouting.

This experiment, as the later years showed, did not prove quite successful. Repeated attempts were made at various intervals to adapt the movement to the growing needs of the Country, but it found itself bound hand and foot in an atmosphere of officialdom, supported and encouraged by the policy of a government predominantly imperialistic in intentions. Finally when it found that it could no longer continue to be member of the B. P. Association, consistent with the self-respect of India as a nation, it broke away from it and reconstituted itself as the Hindustan Scout Association, in response to a united public demand.

The Seva Samiti Association, which all these years remained apart, welcomed this revolt and in the interests of having one united Youth Movement for the country, made a supreme sacrifice of effacing their individuality and amalgamated themselves with the Hindustan Scout Association. Thus it has been made possible to have united National Movement. This marked the dawn of a New Era in National Scouting.

The Hindustan Scout Association has the good fortune not to be a political movement. It is predominantly patriotic and national in character with an international outlook. It is engaged in trying to supply our motherland with the good citizens she needs. India is on the threshold of her freedom, the nearer she draws to her freedom the more she would need good citizens of the type the Hindustan Scout Association is endeavouring to prepare.

GOPALA REDDY TAKES BLAME ON HIMSELF

Latest Development In Andhra Circular Episode

BEZWADA, July 30, (A.P.I.): The blame for Dr. Pattabhi's making a reference to the Andhra circular at the Khadi Exhibition at Bezwada had been taken upon himself by Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, former Minister in Madras, who said that it was he who requested Dr. Pattabhi to refer to the Andhra circular.

He says: "Dr. Pattabhi's speech on the subject was not prearranged. In fact I did not give him any prior notice of the subject. When I met him after three years and when I was presiding over his meeting I thought the truth of the circular should be given to the public in his own words.

The circular in question was much twisted and maligned and the world was told that it advocated violence sabotage and what not. Most people had not seen it and yet they spoke of it. Only one side of the picture was presented to them and there was need for the true side of it.

ONLY A CALL FOR PREPARATIONS

I knew under what circumstances it was issued and what it contained. Except for one item, the circular did not contain any new item of direct action. It consolidated all items previously practised. It was more replete with inhibitions than with incitements. It was a call for preparation with all the known precautions. Yet something outrageous was discovered in it as the Government had nothing else to fall back upon for their militant repression. All manner of constructions were put on it. Some blamed Mr. Prakasam, President of the Committee and others the General Secretary Mr. Kala Venkatarao, who is still in detention, ostensibly for signing the circular. I thought the public should be told all about it and clear all misunderstandings and mis representations.

No hush-hush secrecy was needed with regard to a circular whose contents were discussed with 28 Congressmen of various Districts in July 1942. I congratulate Dr. Pattabhi on his candid speech. If anybody feels that the speech was not opportune or necessary, I am to be blamed for dragging the Doctor into the subject and I did it with the best of intentions."

"FORWARD BLOC IN LINE WITH CONGRESS"

Seoni Detenus' Contention In Representation To Government

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 29: According to the information given out by the security prisoners of C. P. who have been recently released from the special jail, Seoni, where they had been kept with Mr. H. V. Kamath, Dr. Shivaraj Patwardhan, Mr. R. S. Hukar, Dr. Bhojraj, Mr. V. V. Subhedar, M.L.A., Mr. Satya Narayan Bajaj and other office-bearers and members of the All-India Forward Bloc, the Forward Blocists, in the course of a representation they have made to the Provincial Government, clarified their position and have pointed out that they are not apart from the Congress and that they have their implicit faith in the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi.

They have also stated that the aim of both the Forward Bloc and the Congress is the same to achieve independence. They have asked the Government to extend the same justice to them as in the case of the Congressmen by releasing them all unconditionally or in the alternative to produce them before a court for trial.

Release Sarat Bose: Bengal Cable To Attlee

CALCUTTA, July 30 (A.P.I.): A cable sent to the new British Premier, Mr. Clement Attlee, and Mr. Arthur Greenwood, by thirteen Bengal M.L.A.'s and one M.L.C. belonging to the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, congratulates the Labour Party on its great victory." The cable says that the victory demonstrates "the defeat of reactionary forces." The signatories expect the Labour Party to vindicate its progressive character by "immediate release of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of our Party and Bengal's popular leader and by general amnesty of political prisoners."

Lease For Polygamy In Egypt

CAIRO, July 30, (Reuter): Egypt's Minister of Social Affairs, Abdel Magid Badr Bey, has abandoned the idea to submit a bill to Parliament putting an end to legal polygamy and restricting divorce in Egypt.

Great opposition to the idea was shown by the religious authorities during the past weeks, and the Minister was "advised" to give up the proposed bill.

"Students' Days For Nehru Purse"

Mr. M. A. Wadukhan, General Secretary, Bombay Students' Union writes:—

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union (All-India Students' Federation) has decided to observe 31st July to 4th August as "Students Days for Nation's Purse to Nehru". During these five days next week, the widest possible collections will be made in every college and school in the city and suburbs by B.S.U. workers. Token flags will be sold and collection made in boxes sealed by the B.S.U.

All students who wish to volunteer for collections in schools or colleges should give in their names at the earliest at the Union Office, 350, Lamington Road, between 5 and 7-30 p.m.

B.S.U. workers will also sell flags and make collections at railway stations, offices and cinema houses.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. MAITRA

So after all the agitation at Dalal Street and Bori Bunder against Dr. P. Subbaroyan and K. S. Ranga Rao, they have been re-elected President and Hon. Secretary respectively of the Board of Control for Cricket in India for the ninth year in succession. Not that I am particularly enamoured of these two gentlemen, I think it would have been much more dignified and proper if the election of Bombay's nominees for these positions were sought in an open and persuasive manner. If the B.C.A. had put forward the names of Dr. Homi Kanga and Homi Contractor for the post of President and Secretary respectively, I have no doubt they would have been elected unanimously.

BOMBAY'S OWN FAULT

It is really very strange that Bombay, the home of Indian cricket, has not had these honours and privileges up to now. Whose fault is it? It must be laid at the door of our own Association whose representatives have along been playing second fiddle to some of the more dashing ones from other parts of the country. Of course, Bombay's insistence on the communal basis of the Pentangular has something to do with the cold treatment received so far in this respect. But if the Zonal competition is inaugurated by the C.C.I. this season, as has been rumoured for some time, there is every probability of the opposition being liquidated and the chances of the election of the Bombay's nominees assured.

B.C.A. MAKES PROFIT

At home too, all the office-bearers of the Bombay Cricket Association were re-elected. It was but natural that it should be so when they showed a smooth working of the body, together with the capture of the Ranji Trophy and, on the top of it, an excess of income over expenditure amounting to Rs. 5,140. This is all very creditable on the part of the Committee—and in particular to A. A. Jasdenwalla, the Chairman, and H. N. Contractor and D. P. Thanawalla, Jt. Hon. Secretaries. It is said that a new agreement with the C.C.I. will henceforth absolve the B. C. A. from any loss from the stands if the representative matches are not played in any season. We expect more constructive work in the near future.

WEST AFRICANS DEBUT

The much-boosted West African team made their debut at the Cooperage on Saturday. They were defeated by the Embarkation Head Quarters, minus Tommy Walker the Scottish International, by 3 goals to one. If the Africans had not thrown away two spot-kicks, they might have emerged from the fray at least on level terms. Their defence was fairly good. Welbeck by his hefty kicks reminded me of Gostho Paul of the Mohun Bagan of 20 years ago. I have not seen any body kicking with such vigour—and barefooted too—in recent years. Where they failed was in the shooting department. Like our Indian teams and players, they were afraid to shoot. They were a little slow too. Perhaps with more practice at the Cooperage, they may do much better if they have the opportunity of playing again.

SOUTH INDIANS SPRING SURPRISE

The South Indians sprang a surprise on Sunday by holding the Royal Air Force, one of the serious contenders for the League honours to a 3-goal-all draw. As a matter of fact, they held the whip hand twice and it was after strenuous efforts the Airmen succeeded to getting even with them. This was most unexpected after their terrible drabbing at the hands of the E.H.Q. and C.M.P. recently. It was certainly due to changed condition of the ground—from a quagmire to a dry surface. Had they resorted to shooting more often they might have pulled the match out of the fire. With Posha, instead of Kadirvelu facing them the Airmen were probably a little over-confident of their success. They paid the penalty by losing a valuable point.

AN APPEAL FOR DADOO

I have received a letter from an admirer of Dadoo, one of Bombay's finest centre-halves a few years ago. He is suffering from T. B.—must be due to over-exercise and malnutrition. When I heard of it last year, I persuaded the Indian Football League Committee to stage a benefit match for him. This yielded about Rs. 700. Then the W.I.F.A. gave a donation of Rs. 500 from its funds. I agree with Mr. Uderam, the correspondent that this assistance, though very generous, is not at all adequate. If the W.I.F.A. arranges a special match for his benefit, more substantial help may be forthcoming from the sporting public. I wonder if our sports rulers and scribes realise how much our players need good food than sporting gears. Here is a pitiable example!

Miss Hamied To Be Acting Superintendent Of Urdu Girls Schools

The Municipal Schools Committee at its meeting on Monday afternoon appointed by a large majority Miss Zakia Hamied as Acting Superintendent of the Urdu Girls Schools. The appointment was strongly opposed by the Muslim members of the Committee.

A Muslim member first proposed the name of Mr. Mohmed Umar who is already a Superintendent of the Urdu Boys Schools. To this Mr. Lele moved an amendment supporting the candidature of Miss Zakia Hamied. Later the name of one Miss Usmani was proposed from the Muslim side. The Congress block supported the candidature of Miss Hamied on the ground that she was the best qualified among the three.

Protesting against this appointment, Mr. Mirza Akhtar Husein stated that he and his Muslim colleagues could not tolerate an officer thrust upon them by the Congress majority.

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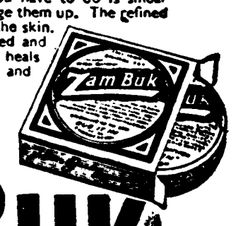

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(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati and a Common Jury)
Emperor
vs.
Chandkhan Fatehkhan .... Accused

The accused was charged with having caused grievous hurt to one Malawa by cutting off her nose with a razor. Malawa was a young Hindu prostitute and the accused was her twenty-five-year-old Muslim paramour who had been living with her for the last six years and was being maintained by her as her protector. The accused claimed her entire earnings but Malawa did not pay him the whole amount. So on the night of 28th August last, after she went to sleep at 2 a. m. the accused cut off her nose with a razor and himself went and informed the officer on Station House Duty at the Nagpada Police Station about it.

The jury, by a majority, found the accused guilty of grievous hurt. His lordship sentenced him to six months rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. L. P. Pendse instructed by the Public Prosecutor appeared for the Prosecution. Dr. P. N. Daruwalla defended the accused.

STUDENT MOVEMENT IN SIND

Mr. P. M. Joshi, Propaganda Secretary of the All-India Students' Congress, during his recent tour of Sind visited the mother of Hemu Kalani, the student martyr. Mr. Joshi also visited the Sind Students' Training Camp at Tandoadam and exhorted the students to organize themselves. He also addressed students' meeting at Karachi.

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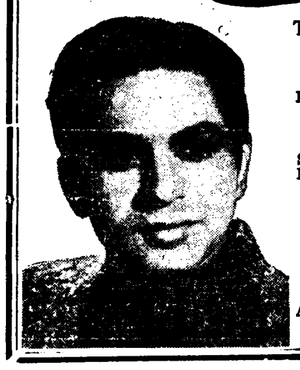

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LOKAMANYA TILAK ANNIVERSARY

The 'G' Ward District Congress Committee and its six Taluka Committees will observe Lokamanya Tilak Anniversary to-morrow (Wednesday) at Om Samarth Vyayam Mandir, 'Y' Road, Dadar.

9 a.m. Flag salutation and garlanding of Lokamanya's bust.

9-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. Mass spinning and enrolment of Congress members.

8-30 p.m. Meeting. Speakers: Messrs. Khadilkar, Editor, "Nawakal" and Mr. Patwardhan.

MANDVI DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Flag salutation and Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak garlanding ceremony, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 9 a.m. at the Corner of Kharek Bazar, near Musjid Bridge, Mandvi.

****

TILAK ANNIVERSARY PROGRAMME

To-morrow (Wednesday), being the 25th anniversary of late Lokamanya Tilak, the Girgaum District Congress Committee will have a flag salutation at 9 a.m. (N.S.T.) at Pannalal Terrace, Lamington Road, and thereafter the statue of Tilak will be garlanded. Sjt. Nagindas T. Master will hoist the flag.

There will be a public meeting at 6-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) at Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, when Sjt. Nagindas T. Master will preside, and Messrs. S. K. Patil, Y. K. Khadilkar, Salebhoy. A. Kader and Dr. D. D. Sathaye will speak.

****

25TH ANNIVERSARY OF LATE LOKAMANYA TILAK will be celebrated at Mazagaon, Matarpakhadi by "Shantaram Chawl, Utsav Mandal" on Wednesday, 1st August, 1945. Mr. K. M. Tamhankar, Editor, "Nawashakti" will deliver a lecture at 10 p.m. and then there will be "Powade" and 'Kavya-Gayan' by Shahir Sadashiv Laxman Thosar.

THE BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS') ASSOCIATION LTD.: It is hereby resolved that the members of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers') Association Ltd., should close their Hundi and other business on Wednesday, August 1, on account of Tilak Jayanti.

SERVING COUNTRY AND ONESELF

The view that it was both possible and desirable to serve oneself and serve the community or the country at the same time was expressed by Dr. Alagappa Chettiar, newly elected Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jupiter General Assurance Company, replying to speeches welcoming him at a special function arranged for the purpose at the premises of the Company on Monday evening Mr. J. C. Thakar, the outgoing Chairman of the Board of Directors presided.

Dr. Chettiar, a South Indian Industrial magnate and President of the South Indian Chamber of Commerce has become the Chairman of the Jupiter and East and West Insurance Companies by acquiring large blocs of shares of the company.

Mr. J. C. Thakar, Mr. E. S. Joel, General Manager of Jupiter and others made speeches eulogising the qualities and services of Mr. Chettiar and welcoming him to the helm of affairs of the company.

Mr. Chettiar said that in days gone by he had come to Bombay only to lose money in the share bazaar. He had, however, learnt, that if a man had his wits about him he could invest his money, he could make money, not at the expense of others but by adding to the common good. He pledged himself to work to the best of his light in a manner so as to safeguard the interests of the staff, the shareholders, the policy holders as well as the country at large.

TODAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, JULY 31.

BOMBAY—1.

224 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H), 8-15 News (E), 8.20 Laxmibai Kelkar, 8-45 Gajanan Karnad, 8.50 News (M), 9-0 News (G), 9-10 Tomorrow, 9-15 AIR Quartet, 9-30 Hindustani Songs (H). 9-45 B. P. Bhatt. 12.30 p.m. Popular Stage Songs, 12-45 News (M), 12-50 News (G), 12.55 News (H) 1-0 Selections, 1.30 News (E), 1-40 Music 2-30 Break for Lunch, 4.20 School Broadcasts, 5.0 V. D. Ambhalkar, 5-25 Pannalal Ghosh (Flute). 5.45 Topical Talk, 5-55 Locals and Weather 6.0 For Forces, 6-30 News (E), 6-40 News (H), 6.45 Matters of Moment, 6-50 Jaltarang, 7-0 Economic Review of Month (M), 7-15 Nam-Tera-Sukhakari, 7-25 P. P. Bhatt, 7-45 V D. Ambhalkar, 8.5 Baiji C. Marwadi (Vocal), 8-15 News (M), 8.30 News (G), 8-45 B. P. Bhatt, 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E), 9-30 B. B. C. News, 9.45 Long Arm of Justice Burke and Hare: by S. M. Nasrullah, 10-0 Outpost Concert Series.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 7, 2001
Muslim: Sabban 21, 1364
Parsi: Aspandarmad 1, 1314
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 8-14 p.m.
Hightide: 5-20 17-26. Lowtide: 10-58, 23-58.

Domestic Occurrences

DEATHS

POWELL—George Edwin (late Eastern Telegraphs). Funeral will leave his residence, Dr. Viegas Street, for Sewree Cemetery at 5-30, this evening.

VAKIL—Mrs. Nandanbai, aged 79, mother of Kapilram and Madanlal Vakil, on Sunday, the 29th July at 7-h Road, opposite Post Office, Santa Cruz.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mr. Laxmikant Jethalal Vora and family acknowledge gratefully and thank heartily all those relations, friends and well-wishers who extended every help, attended the cremation and sent numerous messages of sympathy and condolences on the occasion of the sad demise of his father the late Dr. Jethalal Vanmalidas Vora and in view of the very large number of such messages, he regrets his inability to acknowledge individually.

To-day's Engagements

COMMUNIST PARTY: Public meeting 7 p.m. at Damodar Hall and Hussein Baug at 9-30 p.m. on "Simla Conference".

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet at 6-30 p.m. to-day at the League's Head Office, Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, when Prof. P. J. Shroff will deliver a lecture on "Some Social Aspects of the Bombay Prevention of Prostitution Act."

GATHA SOCIETY: Dastur Framroze A. Bode, will expound Gatha Ahunavaiti Chapt. 4 (Yasna Ha 31), strophes 11 to 13 at the Society's meeting to-day at 6 p.m. (S.T.), at the Cama Institute Library Hall, 136 Apollo Street, Fort.

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: A paper by the Rev. W. O. Fitch, S.S.J.E., on "Metaphysica Religiosi" at 6 p.m., Convocation Hall, to-morrow (Wednesday).

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: With effect from the 1st August 1945, press telegrams to Czechoslovakia will be admitted at the rate of seven annas per word subject to usual restrictions.

BHANGI SEVAK SAMAJ: Under the auspices of Bhangi Sevak Samaj, a general meeting was held at the compound of Municipal Chawl, Sukhlaji Street, under the presidentship of Mr. Okhabhai Karsandas. The meeting resolved to make an application for reconstruction of the temple situated in Municipal Chawl compound to officers of Municipality through the above said Samaj.

A night school has been started and the students are taught from infant class upto six standard.

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.: The office of the Exchange remained closed on Monday, the 30th instant, due to the sad demise of Mr. H. M. Talati, the Secretary of the Exchange.

3 ARTS GRAND JALSA: In honour of Seth Jamnadas Narotamdas Bhau, the jeweller, on Sunday, August 5 at 4 p.m. at the Ritz, to celebrate his Golden Jubilee. Razia Begum, the exquisite songstress, will entertain. All are cordially invited by obtaining entry vouchers from Atiya Begum.

ACADEMY OF ISLAM will hold a meeting on Friday, August 3 at 5 o'clock at Anjuman-e-Islam, Bori Bunder. Subject: "To remove misunderstanding between man and man caused by the word religion." All cordially welcome by informing Atiya Begum.

MEETING OF THE K. E. M. HOSPITAL & G. S. M. COLLEGE EMPLOYEES' UNION will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. at Naigaum, when Mr. P. R. Sawant will preside. The meeting is in connection with the dismissal of two ward boys from the K. E. M. Hospital due to the accidental death of a school boy. The Union has given a fortnight's notice for their reinstatement. The notice expires on July 31. The Union alleges that the Dean refuses to permit the representatives of the workers an interview.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE COMPETITION RESULTS: Ladies' Section: Miss Leela Rajopadhye (First), Miss S. B. Banavlikar (Second), Miss Krishna Kulkarni (Third), Miss K. Gangolli (Fourth) and Miss Prabha V. Phadke (Fifth).

Gents' Section: V. S. Kamat (First), Shankerrao Pote (Second), Manek K. Panveliwala (Third), M. S. Barve (Fourth), M. S. Wagh (Fifth).

Mr. B. B. Pandit was the top-most scorer and was given a special prize.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION: Public meeting to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, Sri S. K. Patil, General Secretary, B.P.C.C. will preside and Mr. V. R. Amberkar, Chairman Art Society of India, Sri Umashankar Dikshit, Ashok Mehta, R. K. Karanjia, Prabhakar Padnye, Dinkar Sakrikar, General Secretary, All-India Students' Congress, Prabhakar Kunte and George Vaz will address the meeting.

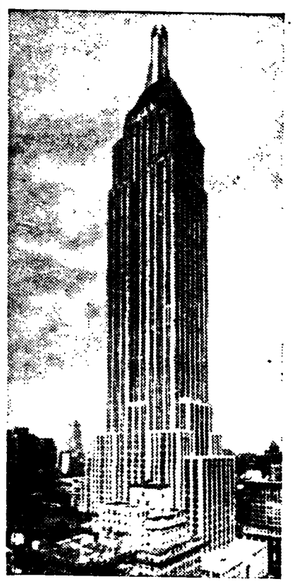
BOMBAY COMMUNIST PARTY: Public meeting to-day (Tuesday) at Damodar Hall, 7 p.m. M. Shahid will preside. Mr. B. T. Ranadive will speak.

SIMLA BREAKDOWN AND WAY OUT: Under the auspices of the Bombay Communist Party, a public meeting will be held at Hussenibag, Madanpura at 9 p.m. Messrs. Shahed, B. T. Ranadive, Dr. Ashraf and Oak will speak on the "Simla Breakdown and the Way Out."

Karnatak Congress Leader In City

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. R. R. Diwaker, Karnatak Congress leader, who was released from jail recently arrived in Bombay today from Poona and was given a reception by city Congressmen.



The Empire State Building, which stands at Fifth Avenue and 34th Street in New York City, one of the busiest corners in the American metropolis, was struck by a U. S. Army Plane on July 23 in a freak accident which brought death to 19 persons and injured many more. The plane, a B-25 bomber, exploded when it crashed into the 85th storey of the 102-floor office-building, the tallest in the world. The crew was killed. It is believed that the pilot was attempting to land in bad weather at the nearby La-Guardia airfield, but overshot his destination.

PHEROZESHAH CENTENARY PROGRAMME

Mr. S. P. Patil has issued the following programme for the occasion:

On Saturday, August 4, it will be exactly 100 years since Sir Pherozeshah Mehta was born. In grateful recognition of the memorable services both in political and civic spheres rendered by him, the Centenary of his birth will be celebrated all over India and particularly in the City of Bombay which is his home. Pherozeshah was one of the earliest pioneers not only of the Indian National Congress, but of Indian nationalism itself. The services that he rendered to the civic administration in this City for an unbroken period of 40 years are both amazing and unparalleled. India in general and Bombay City in particular owe a tremendous lot to one of the greatest patriots on this land. It is in fitness of things that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the President of the Indian National Congress, has called upon the country to observe the Centenary and pay our respectful homage to the memory of this great man. The Congress organisations in the City will observe the following programme:—

SATURDAY, August 4.

9 a.m.: Flag salutation by all the Congress Committees.

10 a.m.: Garlanding the statue of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta in front of the Corporation Buildings.

There will be public meetings one in every ward for seven days up to August 10, which is the last day of the Centenary celebration. These will be announced from time to time.

Sir Datarsinh To Visit City

Sardar Sir Datarsinh, Hon. Cattle Utilisation Adviser to the Government of India, will come to Bombay on August 14 and will inaugurate the Conference of Goshalas and Pinjarapoles conveyed by the Bombay Humanitarian League on August 17. Sardar Datarsinh will also visit Ahmedabad, Sanand, Chharodi, Viramgam and will see the salvage centres of the League.

Red Cross Help To French Children

"Mrs. Gulestan R. Billimoria, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Junior Red Cross thanks all donors for their generous contributions in answer to her appeal on behalf of French Children who have been unfortunate victims of this ghastly War. A sum of Rs 7,810-5-6 has been collected and forwarded through Delhi Headquarters to the League of the Red Cross Societies at Geneva. The Funds are being utilized for projects which include (1) a campaign against the undernourishment of school children, (2) supervision of health and physical education, (3) reconstruction and furnishing of devastated schools of badly destroyed towns and villages, and (4) provision of wearing apparel, e.c., to distressed school children."

Patil Unfurls Tri-Colour

A monthly flag salutation under the auspices of the Mandvi District Congress Committee was held on last Sunday, at Darias:han Gali, Mandvi, when Shri S. K. Patil, unfurled the National Flag. Immediately after the flag salutation he also declared open the branch of the Congress Dal in Mandvi.

Police Raid Gambling Den

BOMBAY, Monday.

On receving information that satta gambling was being carried on on large scale at a certain corner of Kambekar Street, Sub-Inspector Rane, of the Vigilance Branch, C. I. D. raided the place on Friday night.

A bogus punter was sent in advance with two marked eight anna coins to lay bets.

At the time when the bogus punter had gone to lay bets there were only two men who were in charge of the "gambling den".

The accused are Ali Mohomed Ismail (30) and Jaffer Hussain (25).

It is alleged that accused No. 1 accepted the marked moneyes from the punter, while accused No. 2 was assisting accused No. 1.

They were placed before Mr. M. Nasrullah Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon who extended their bail as granted by the police till August 8

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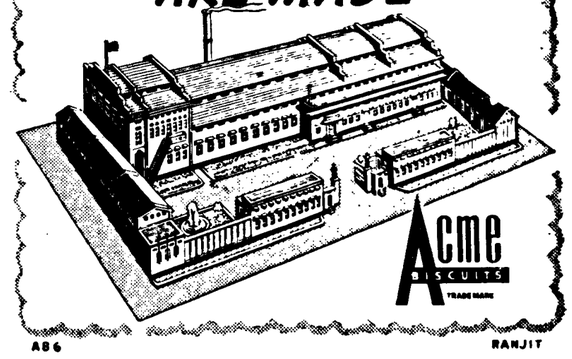
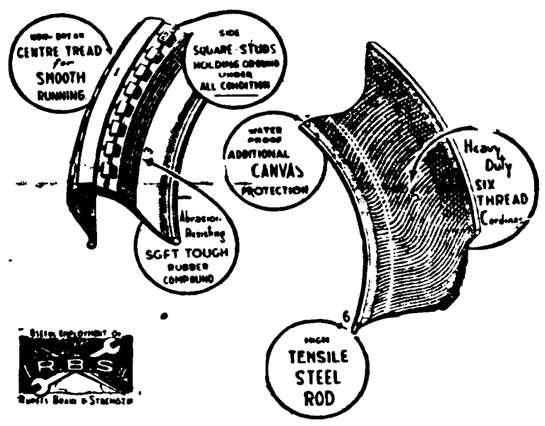


A86 RANJIT

WHILE BUYING CYCLE TYRES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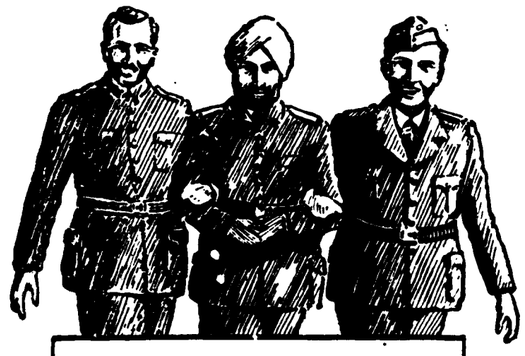

Where they need planes, tanks and guns they also need woollen clothing. Our entire plant is working for the war effort. Soon we hope we shall be able to manufacture for you again.

Dhariwal FABRICS

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The Bombay Chronicle

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PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

When we learn to sing that Britons never will be masters we shall make an end of slavery.
—Bernard Shaw.

The Bombay Chronicle

LABOUR AND INDIA

The Political Correspondent of the United Press of India has, in common with many others, noted an interesting feature of the British election, that those Labour and other progressive Members of Parliament who consistently championed the Indian cause have all been elected with greatly increased majorities, including Messrs. Cove, Reginald Sorensen, John Hynd, William Dobbie, Rhys Davis, Haden Guest, Alex Sloane, William Gallacher, Jimmy Maxton, Campbell Stephens, Tom Driberg, Wilfred Roberts, John McGovern, D. N. Pritt, Aneurin Bevan, Clement Davies, P. G. Barstow and Mrs. Edith Summerskill. The Correspondent also points out that among many Labour M.P.'s elected for the first time there are a number of well-known Left-Wing supporters of India including Messrs. Michael Foot, John Strachey, K. Zilliacus, Richard Crossman and Mrs. Lucy Middleton. There is no doubt that in spite of the attempts of all parties to keep the Indian problem outside the election warfare, the British electorate was disgusted with the reactionary Tory policy towards India, and presumably hoped that Labour at least would prevent the history of America and Ireland being repeated in India.

Whether or not this surmise is correct, the Labour Party is bound in honour to fulfil its repeated promises to India. If it has the will, it has now the power to carry out its India policy fully and promptly. Mere tinkering with an old problem and procrastination will only add to the distrust and bitterness in this country. Mr. H. N. Brailsford, an old and sincere friend of India, rightly suggests that "India will offer the first test alike of our sincerity and our tact". But what precisely will Labour do to vindicate its sincerity? Mr. Brailsford suggests three things as being obvious and immediately necessary. They are: (1) The release of all political prisoners and lifting the ban on the Congress; (2) restoring provincial autonomy, and (3) transferring Indian affairs to the Dominions Office, thereby making "a clean break with the past and demonstrating our will to give this nation her freedom." The first two suggestions are too obvious to need any endorsement. But when carried out they will have only restored the position to what it was five years ago and in no sense an improvement on the present constitution. The abolition of the India Office will, no doubt, be a good gesture to the whole world showing that Labour means to make India a Dominion. It will be an impressive symbolic representation of Labour's Indian programme. But the Dominion Secretary, functioning as Secretary for India, will of course, be governed by the present Indian constitution, while the whole point now is to prepare for complete freedom immediately after the war.

We have no desire to belittle the significance of the suggestion about the India Office. But what we do want to emphasise is that to serve the intended purpose the transfer of Indian affairs must be immediately followed by the installation at the Centre of a far more representative Government than the present one. Else there may be danger in the tendency in the Dominions Office to intervene as little as possible with the Government concerned. The new Labour Government should therefore enable Lord Wavell to renew immediately his efforts to secure as representative a Government as possible on the basis of a formula which does not make a fetish of communal or caste parity. A more representative Government at the Centre is as urgent a necessity as popular Ministries in the provinces. And it is necessary as much in the interest of war as of peace in India.

Cloth Famine In Bengal

It is distressing to learn that many students in the Munshiganj Sub-Division of Bengal are unable to attend schools for want of clothing, that teachers attend in tattered clothes, and that even senior lawyers go to courts wearing only half pants. The plight of women can only be imagined. Only a few days ago Swami Sambuddhanand, President of the Ramakrishna Mission, Bombay, after making a tour of a number of scarcity areas in Bengal, stated in our columns: "Cloth distress has come to its climax in Bengal at this hour. Thousands of men and women I have seen cannot go out to attend their usual work outside for want of a piece of cloth to wrap round their loins. Cases of suicide amongst women for want of cloth are not few." The supply of cloth available to the poor in Bengal is evidently very poor and its distribution much worse. The administration stands self-condemned and needs to be immediately over-hauled.

Frankly Speaking

Help The Municipality

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee has undertaken an Education Drive in accordance with which municipal school teachers numbering about 3,000 will be sent out for one hour daily from July 3 to August 9 to search for non-attending children and to persuade their guardians to send them to schools. The public of Bombay are also requested to help the teachers in their task and make the scheme of compulsory education a complete success. The idea is to enlist voluntary co-operation from guardians as far as possible and to reduce to a minimum legal penalties for not sending children of primary school-going age to schools. It is a huge task for the Municipality and it deserves to be wholeheartedly assisted by the public in the interests of their own children's education.

The Bogey Man

It is, of course, not correct to say that Professor Harold Laski is "the power behind the Laoour Government". Mr. Churchill did try to raise him as a bogy during the General Election, which only showed how desperate the Tory situation was a fact that received dramatic proof in the results. The professor is the chairman of the Labour Party Executive, not its dictatorial head. But his pronouncements are quite important because the Labour Party Executive represents the political side of the Labour movement and they are particularly important now because "political" Labourites have been returned to Parliament in much greater numbers than "Trade Unionists"—though this is not to say that the two sides are mutually antagonistic or hostile.

Important Statement

It is, therefore, interesting to note that writing in an American paper on Labour's attitude towards Spain and Portugal, Laski says: "We seek no less fully to make it plain that we regard Governments like Generalissimo Francisco Franco's in Spain and Dr. Antonio de Oliveira Salazar's Portugal as dangerous to peace". Ever since the Labour Party's victory we have been virtually confident that the days of indulging General Franco are over. We have every reason to believe that very soon there will be an end for the Spaniards of the nightmare they have endured for so many long years. But we particularly welcome Professor Laski's categorical statement regarding Portugal. Dr. Salazar's regime is not different from the Falangist regime in Spain. And we have special reason to wish for the end of the Salazar dictatorship because among its victims there are also our own countrymen in Goa and elsewhere. We hope Professor Laski's promise is carried out by the Labour Government.

Strange Confusion

Either the Japanese are themselves confused or the Allied news agencies are confused in reporting their reactions. The President of the Japan Political Association—the only political party in Japan—is stated to have declared that Japan might be overwhelmed by the tremendous forces of her enemies if she rejected the Potsdam, declaration. This has been interpreted, and quite reasonably too, as an indication that Japan must accept all the Allied points eventually. But simultaneously, the same man is reported to have declared that Japan will consider peace "only when the whole of East Asia is freed from Anglo-American colonial exploitation". He is also reported to have interpreted the Potsdam proclamation as an attempt by the Allies to bolster the morale of their 'war-weary" people. Now, what is one to believe about General Minami the gentleman in question?

Dr. Evatt's Protest

But there is no confusion as regards the Japanese Premier, Admiral Suzuki. He appears quite definitely to have rejected the Allied ultimatum. We had hoped for a better response to the Potsdam Proclamation. If this is Suzuki's last word, it is to be deplored. For, he is a man who knows even better than the Allies what Japan has suffered and what she is going to get further without any hope of any kind of escape. Let us hope better counsels may yet prevail. In the meantime we must note Dr. Evatt's protest against the alleged mildness of the terms offered to Japan. Actually, the Japanese suffer and lose as badly as the Germans under the Potsdam terms. But, in any case, if there is to be a protest it ought to come with better grace from the Chinese. For it is they who have suffered the most—in fact infinitely more than any of the Allies. There is, of course, point in Dr. Evatt's contention that other countries concerned should also be consulted in dealing with Japan. But the Big Three will point to the European precedent in their weak defence.

A.-I. NEWSPAPERS AND JOURNALISTS' EXHIBITION

"End Ordinance Rule And Release Politicals", Exhorts Kaleshwara Rao

BEZWADA, July 30. (A.P.I.) Opening the second All-India Newspapers and Journals Exhibition organised by Mr. Challapalli on the Congress Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition grounds at Bezwada, Mr. A. Kaleshwara Rao, former Chief Parliamentary Secretary, said that the influence of Indian newspapers and journals was bound to increase considerably as we advanced towards Swaraj and Democracy. Their free growth and healthy influence had been hampered by the repressive policy pursued by the Tory Government during the last 14 years except for a brief interval of two years of Congress regime.

Freedom of the Press, of Speech and of Association had been completely denied and the Damocle's sword of arrest and suppression had been hanging over the head of the editor and printer of every newspaper, journal and magazine. The downfall of the Tory Government and the advent of the Labour Government with a stable majority in Great Britain had caused a sigh of relief throughout the length and breadth of this country. We expect that the new Labour Government will immediately restore civil liberties in this country, release all the Political prisoners including the old Bengal detenus, lift the ban on all the political organisations and put an end to the Ordinance Rule and the police raj that are rampant in this land".

DAILY TELEGRAPH CHAMPIONS INDIA AND DOMINIONS

LONDON, July 30 (Reuter): India's claim together with that of Australia and New Zealand to have been consulted on the ultimatum sent last week to Japan from Potsdam is raised by the "Daily Telegraph" in a leader this morning, which declares: "Something appears to have gone seriously wrong with the machinery of Empire consultation."

The paper refers to the complaint by Doctor Evatt, the Australian Foreign Minister, that he knew nothing about the ultimatum or its terms until he read them in the press, and writes: "The claim of Australia no less than New Zealand and India to full consultation on the terms to be dictated to Japan is found both on their war record and on their vital interest in future security against a renewal of Japanese aggression. Their geographical situation renders that interest at least as great as China's and considerably more direct than in the case of either the United States or Great Britain."

BELGRADE AGREEMENT READY

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS, ITALY, July 29 (U.P.A.): All military details to bring into force the Belgrade Agreement have been concluded, it was announced today following a meeting of British and American representatives. As provided in the original Belgrade arrangement, the military areas to be occupied by British, American and Yugoslav troops are defined in detail.

Dilemma For Savarkar

Rival Sections Of Ahmedabad Sabhaites Threaten Fast

AHMEDABAD, July 30 (A.P.I.): Threats and counter-threats of fast are being given by two rival sections of local Hindu Sabhaites to Mr. V. D. Savarkar, the Hindu Mahasabha leader. One section of Hindu Sabhaites had threatened to fast if Mr. Savarkar did not come here to receive the purse collected by them two years ago for presentation to him.

Another section has now sent a telegram to Mr. Savarkar threatening to fast if he comes here to receive the purse.

POPE RECEIVES ARCHBISHOP OF BOMBAY

ROME, July 30. (Reuter): The Pope today received Monsignor Thomas Roberts the Archbishop of Bombay, in private audience.

Monsignor Roberts is staying in Italy for a short while En Route to Bombay.

SPAIN BANS FILM "WATCH ON THE RHINE"

LONDON, July 30. (U. P. A.): The Spanish censor banned the American film, "Watch on the Rhine" on Sunday on the grounds that the film was anti-Fascist, a "Daily Express" despatch from Tangier said today.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Fame may come to a man suddenly and go just as quickly.

★ ★ ★

Marriage, to some women, means a lifetime job as a detective.

★ ★ ★

Many a man who thinks he is self-made is in reality wife-made.

★ ★ ★

For each big man at the top there are a million little ones at the bottom.

★ ★ ★

Many men and women tie up their dogs at night, but allow their children to run around promiscuously.

★ ★ ★

Don't blame the cat. No doubt a canary bird looks as good to him as a watermelon does to a country boy.

Should Economics Wait On Politics?

(By Jamnadas Dwarkadas)

III

I referred in my last article to the fact that the publication of the correspondence between Sir Basil Blackett, the then Finance Member, and the Secretary of State for India, on the fixing of the ratio which saw the light of the day owing to the insistence of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas revealed the deep laid plot for the exploitation of India. The Secretary of State in the course of one of his letters suggested that the ratio be fixed at 1 sh. 8d. a rupee with a view to make imports of food grains and other raw materials to the United Kingdom cheaper. Sir Basil Blackett argued that even the intention of fixing the ratio at 1 sh. 6d. had created suspicion among Indians regarding the 'bona fides of His Majesty's Government and, therefore, if the ratio was fixed at 1 sh. 8d. it would be followed by an upheaval in India which would be difficult to put down and which would eventually redound to the discredit of Great Britain. Sir Basil Blackett suggested that the people must be gradually compelled to adopt themselves in the first instance to 1 sh. 6 d. and later if necessity arose, 1 sh. 8 d. could be enforced. Can there be a greater condemnation of the evil intention of the British policy than revealed in this correspondence? The interests of the millions of India were sacrificed to those not even of the people of the United Kingdom but of the clique that manipulated the finances with a view to fill its own pockets. Big Business in England had complete control over the Imperial Financial Policy and had backed it more in the interests of itself than of the mass of people either in England or in India. Speaking of Big Business, I shall have to deal later with the nefarious influence of Big Business in England which sowed the seeds of war. Big Business in power has always spelt disaster to the people and our experience of the control by Big Business in England ought to put us wise in regard to what would happen to the interests of the masses in India if power was placed directly or indirectly in the hands of Big Business in India. However, I intend writing at length on this question in a subsequent article.

★ ★ ★

The same argument applies with much greater force to the policy of Imperial Preference that was launched in 1932 by Baldwin, Chamberlain & Company who were themselves part and parcel of Big Business in England. It is hardly necessary to argue at this stage against the policy of Imperial Preference. The disadvantages to India accruing from that ruinous policy are so self-evident that it would be futile and a complete waste of time and energy to prove how calamitous it was to the interests of our country.

As far back as the beginning of the twentieth century a reference was made to the Government of Lord Curzon in India with regard to the advisability of adopting the policy of Imperial Preference. Lord Curzon in a well-considered document issued some time in 1903 unceremoniously turned down the proposal on the ground that the balance of disadvantages to an exporting country like India would be overwhelmingly large, and in the interests of India this policy was not advisable. During the course of the World War I, this question was time and again raised in the various Imperial Conferences starting from 1917 and each time it was raised it was turned down by the Indian Delegation even as it was then constituted of the nominees of the Government of India. These nominees included such devout champions of the British Government as H. H. the late Maharaja of Bikaner, Sir James Meston and others. I draw the attention of my readers to this particular point with a view to emphasise the disadvantages of this policy. The question of Imperial Preference was included in the terms of reference to the Fiscal Commission appointed in 1921. We, the members of the Commission, went thoroughly into the 'pros and cons' of this question and in the minute of dissent which the minority submitted, Imperial Preferences was completely turned down. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtullah, the President of the Commission, and four other Indian members, viz., the late Mr. Seshagiri Iyer, the late Mr. Narotam Morarji, Mr. G. D. Birla and myself, signed a minute of dissent and argued powerfully against the introduction of this policy. The majority, consisting of seven members, two of whom, Sir Manekji Dadabhoy, and Sir "then Mr." J. C. Coyajee were Indians recommended the introduction of this policy under certain reservations. A perusal of the conditions laid down by them precedent to the adoption by India of the policy of Imperial Preference would convince the readers that what they recommended in theory, they denied in practice.

★ ★ ★

The reason for even this halting support to Imperial Preference would be apparent if I were to give evidence of the Viceregal influence that was brought to bear on the various members of the Commission, perhaps at the dictation of the British Government with a view to obtain the support of members to this policy. While a discussion was going on among the members of the Commission on this question one fine morning in Simla, I received a telephone message from the Private Secretary to the then Viceroy, Lord Reading, asking me to wait on His Excellency in the afternoon. I accordingly went to the Viceregal Lodge and after the usual exchange of courtesies, Lord Reading directly touched on the question of Imperial Preference. He argued with me for an hour with a view to convince me. It did not need much effort on my part to lay down in a down right manner that economically it would mean not only no gain but a terrific loss to this country. Lord Reading, being the powerful advocate that he was, tried to convince me of the advantages to India from the political point of view of making a gesture which would create a favourable impression in the mind of the British Government. I am proud to say that I was completely adamant and refused to believe that a policy of placation through bringing about the further impoverishment of India would ever lead England to the recognition of the claim of India for political freedom. Lord Reading said at the end: "I am sorry I cannot convince you but I took the liberty of calling you because as a Member of the Assembly, you will be called upon to sponsor the motion after the report is submitted." I at once replied politely but very firmly: "I am glad that Your Excellency gave me the opportunity of giving my views on this question to you. I am sorry I can't see eye to eye with you on the question and the best I can say is we agree to differ."

★ ★ ★

I have narrated this story to bring home to the readers the fact of the way in which the British tried to bring pressure on important persons with a view to obtain the approval of the policies adumbrated by them from time to time and let me say candidly that attempts of this character have not often been made without success. There was and perhaps there still is a school of politicians who believe that placation of British interests by means of gestures of the abovementioned character would have the effect of winning over the British Government to our own views. This can be a very plausible argument which carries with it its own glamour but no one who is not completely divorced from the vital interests of the teeming millions of this country will ever be a party to this cheap political game which has always proved futile as far as political results are concerned and disastrous in its economic consequences, and yet in 1932 when Baldwin and Company manoeuvred to initiate this policy at Ottawa, it must be the self same argument which must have led our delegates to give their support to this policy.

Of this and the other repercussions of the policy of Imperial Preference I shall speak in my next article.

(The previous article appeared in our issue of July 13).

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Controlled Cloth Shops"

Will "A Consumer" whose rejoinder is published in your issue of July 24) believe me that I have received precisely the same complaint from customers registered with shops in the Fort Area, who want to know why finer varieties are not available in their shops, when, as they are told, they are available in the shops in Girgaum and Dadar-Matunga area? The only way, perhaps, to convince your correspondent that there is no distinction between one shop and another in the matter of distributing cloth, is for him to see the statements of cloth allotted to the Government of Bombay and its distribution amongst the different shops. Will "A Consumer" kindly see me at my office on any week day so that I can take him with me to the Provincial Textile Controller's Office for perusal of the statements? I also request him to give me the names of the shops where, he says, finer varieties were available on a particular day when they were not available in the shops in other areas, and then it would be possible to find out whether his information is correct, and if so, whether finer varieties were available at those shops only because of a special allotment or because the sales in those shops were not brisk as in their shops.

I would like to avail myself of this opportunity to inform your correspondent and other readers of your paper, that the percentage of superfine and fine cloth to the total cloth production is only about 17 p.c. Consequently, everybody cannot get finer varieties. I would also like to point out that an increase in the production of finer varieties would mean decrease in the total production of cloth and the people would then be left with the alternative of more finer varieties but less cloth to wear. Your readers will perhaps agree with me that this would not be a correct policy to adopt. What we want is more cloth, even if it meant doing away with the finer varieties.

G. G. GOKHALE.
Public Relations Officer (Rationing).
July 24.

Zionist Move

News received from Palestine show America, based on the general ignorance that the Zionist offensive is going "according to the plan". Zionist propaganda in Europe, and especially in America on the condition in the East in wide public, has secured a sympathetic attitude to their claims in important and influential circles. Now the demand is for the permission of the settlement of another hundred thousand Jews in Palestine, which means yet another important step on the way towards the final occupation of the country by such "peaceful invaders". Even without new immigration it is clear that very soon the Jews in Palestine will become an influential majority. They are notoriously prolific, are incomparably wealthier than the Arab peasant in Palestine, and therefore they breed incomparably faster.

When walking along side streets, what may be called residential streets of Cairo, Damascus, Aleppo, one sees them quiet, almost deserted. Adults and children can be met, more adults than children. Then suddenly one enters the street, or a series of the streets filled with children, playing and running about. If you ask for an explanation, you will receive the answer that this is the Jewish quarter mahalla. The difference is striking, and this is observed everywhere. It is clear, therefore, that even without artificially increasing the Jewish population of Palestine, it may be regarded as certain that within not so very distant future the problem of their forming a majority is bound to arise.

The usual plea is that the invading Jews are something like benefactors of the country, bringing capital, modern methods, starting industry, and giving employment to the half-starving Arab peasant. It is true that, under the Turkish rule the position of the Palestinian Arab peasant was unenviable. But this does not mean that he should for ever remain in the same position and is incapable of cultural advance. The Jewish experiment has clearly shown that only initiative and capital are required to turn Palestine into a very prosperous country. Its geographical position and natural resources may form a good basis for raising credit on foreign countries, and, if funds are available, its modernisation and advance may proceed at a very fast tempo.

The Arab world is united in its condemnation of the Zionist designs on Palestine. If sentiment is pleaded by the Jews in their plans to establish there a "national home," there is much more of sentiment on the part of the local Arab population to object such intentions, and religious prejudice and fanaticism may evoke religious sentiment and fanaticism in others. What the world needs is pacification, and the possibility of the undisturbed development of a sensible culture. We have still an enormous amount of work to do before we can rightly claim the name of being really civilised.

Without any anti-Jewish bias, it is necessary to remember what was the fate of the former large scale Jewish settlements. The same Jews who are now settling in Palestine were for centuries the blight of a wide and potentially rich territory in Eastern Europe, namely, Poland, Western Russia, parts of Slovakia, Rumania and Hungary. Here the Jew was the ubiquitous middleman, hardworking and intelligent, but extremely dangerous to the local population owing to his reaping all profits that trade and increased production could create. Thus the rural population was doomed to remain in poverty, never having a chance of progress. The same fate is positively assured to the Arab population in Palestine, and, perhaps, when the Jews spread farther afield, to the neighbouring countries.

"Z".

Madras University Degrees

I crave the hospitality of your columns to remove a few misconceptions prevailing among educated men in this province in regard to the rules governing the award of B.A. (Honours) and M.A. Degrees of the University of Madras. Here are the rules: The Courses of study, syllabus and text-books (subject) are the same for the B.A. (Hons.) and M.A. Degree examinations, the former being a three years course (with no Second Language exam.) and the latter a four years course, after passing the Intermediate exam. The B.A. (Hons.) students have to appear, after their first year, for the Preliminary B.A. (Hons.) Exam. in English, being a University examination. The next two years the B.A. (Hons.) students sit with the M.A. (Junior) and M.A. (Senior) students. A candidate who has qualified for the B.A. (Hons.) Degree of Madras University by passing the prescribed examination under the Regulations may, without further examination but upon payment of the prescribed fee, proceed to take the M.A. Degree at any Convocation subsequent to his taking the B.A. (Hons.) Degree. Certain disqualifications for failing in the B.A. (Hons.) exam. and the rules for taking a 'drop' (allowed but once), may be referred to in the Madras University Calendar.

"PROFESSOR".

Plight Of Postgraduates

During these war-days, students coming from mofussil for their postgraduate studies in Bombay—particularly, M.A. students—find themselves in a very precarious position so far as housing accommodation is concerned.

Owing to acute shortage of housing accommodation in the city no private rooms are available normally. No college in the city admits them to its hostel—as if there are solely reserved for undergraduates. Communal hostels and other independent students' homes also give them last preference.

Post-graduate tuition is the direct concern of the University and therefore it is but natural that the University must look to the adequate provision of residential accommodation for those post-graduate students who come to Bombay for better tuition from outside. The University does run a hostel for such students but it has a very limited accommodation for 44 students only.

I hope the University authorities will pay their best attention to this problem and devise ways and means to provide sufficient residential accommodation for the post-graduate students.

S. H. SHETH.

Black Marketing In Newspaper-Hawking

The devil of black-market has now stretched its arms to newspaper-hawking. Sometimes when some important piece of news or some good photographs of national leaders appear in daily papers, the hawkers at once resort to reaping the rich harvest by raising their prices to fantastic heights at their sweetwill. On June 21st, a daily published glaring photographs of all members of the Congress Working Committee and this was enough for the hawkers to raise their prices to any extent. At some places in the city, it was sold at 6 as. per copy instead of 2 as. which is its printed price. The intending reader, as a consequence, has to pay such fantastic prices or go without them, which alternative he will choose depends upon the intensity of his desire to read it. This is absolutely unnatural and more so when newspaper is a daily necessity—and an unavoidable one.

I hope the newspaper authorities will take proper measures to eliminate this evil.

S. H. SHETH.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

MOSCOW, July 28: The Soviet Army newspaper "Red Star" today carried a photograph showing extensive tactical exercises on the Trans-Caucasian front, depicting Red Army troops forcing a wide water barrier.
United Press of America.

★ ★ ★

"I wish", says Gandhiji in a Press interview, "the parties concerned would agree to release for publication the Desai-Liaquat Pact".

But how can they since one of the parties concerned repeatedly protests that he never entered into the Pact which he did enter into?

★ ★ ★

Gandhiji further urges that Sjt. Bhulabhai's only intention was that of honourably resolving the deadlock and thereby serving the Congress.

Is it that the discovery of Sjt. Bhulabhai's intention annoyed the party of the second part?

★ ★ ★

Nawabzada Liaqat Ali has declared that "the British electorate has afforded a great opportunity to the Labour Party to assist in building a new world.....".

But how did he know? There is no mention of his "attention" having been "drawn" to the Labour victory.

★ ★ ★

Doctor B. S. Moonje does "not think that the League should have really any cause for disappointment" over the defeat of Mr. Churchill.

The consolation is offered, of course, in the simultaneous hope that it doesn't prove well-founded.

★ ★ ★

"It is, however, not too rash to hope that the Labour Government will set its face against any division or partition of India"—Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Diwan of Travancore.

The partition of India between British India and Indian India excepted, of course.

★ ★ ★

The "Financial News" of London believes that "the responsibility of office is a sobering thing and Mr Attlee's general conduct of affairs is hardly likely to be irresponsible and revolutionary"

Er—we think the paper has speculated correctly.

★ ★ ★

According to a London Sunday paper, Lord Halifax will be among the first of Britain's diplomatic representatives to give up his post now.

Looks as if it "is" going to be a "massacre of Muncheers".

★ ★ ★

An Egyptian Editor suggests that "the obscure attitude of Russia towards the Levant problem has given both the Arabs and the French the impression that she is on their side".

They are all right, the French, the Arabs and the Egyptian journalist—as well as Russia.

For DOCTORS ONLY.

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Vitamin P and the J factor.
Vitamin B1, B2, D, E, and H in effective quantities. Salts of Cu, Ca, Mn, Mg., and K: Lecithin 1 cg. and Iodine 0.005%.

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GEN. DE GAULLE THREATENS TO RESIGN

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY REJECTS GOVT.'S CONSTITUTIONAL PROPOSALS

French Politics Take Dramatic Turn

PARIS, July 29. (Reuter): The National Consultative Assembly tonight rejected the Government's constitutional proposals by 210 votes to 19.

General Charles de Gaulle in his speech earlier tonight had made it clear that he might resign if the Assembly voted against the Bill.

After tonight's vote the Assembly adopted "the principle of Government being responsible to the Constituent Assembly" and also adopted the principle of Cabinet stability.

Later the Assembly voted in favour of the principle of a Sovereign Constituent Assembly by 184 votes to 45.

DE GAULLE THREATENS RESIGNATION

General Charles De Gaulle in his speech tonight in the Consultative Assembly made it clear that he may resign if the Assembly records a hostile vote against his constitutional reform bill, cables Harold King, Reuter's special correspondent.

Intense lobby work is now going on by Government supporters on the one hand, and by the opposition on the other to rally enough support to turn the scale one way or the other in the forthcoming votes, which will take place late tonight and in early hours of morning in this exceptional Sunday debate.

In a guarded but unmistakable fashion, General de Gaulle put squarely before the delegates the choice of following his plan or doing without him altogether.

This is the first time in his various tussels with the Assembly since liberation that General de Gaulle has used the threat of resignation.

STORMY 3-DAY DEBATE.

General Charles De Gaulle, replying to his critics to-day in the stormy three-day debate on the constitutional question in the National Assembly, said that France together with other countries would shortly have to help settle the problems of peace.

For this she must have a stable Government and not one placed at mercy of caprices. "Don't forget we have had 102 Cabinets in the last 70 years, while Britain has had only 20", he said. "The great President Roosevelt told me 'it has happened to me on several occasions not to know the name of the head of the French Government'". (protests greeted this remark).

The Consultative Assembly met exceptionally on Sunday to hear General De Gaulle who made it clear that he intended to stand by his plan of consulting the Nation on the new constitution by means of a referendum.

DE GAULLE REPLIES TO ALLEGATIONS.

He openly referred to the allegations made during the debate that he was seeking to establish personal dictatorship, and scotched the idea that he could be used as the head of a French Government consisting of old-time party men.

In a personal statement he declared that his conscience would not permit him to govern with others than the representatives of those who were with him in the fight, and were it otherwise, he could not continue to take the responsibility of Government.

His speech was sometimes applauded on the right, but more often gave rise to protests from different parts of the Assembly.

Complete silence reigned in the Chamber when General De Gaulle made his personal statement. For days it had been rumoured that General De Gaulle intended to abandon power, owing to what he considered unconstructive and unjustified attacks on the Government's constitutional proposal, especially those alleging that he was aiming at dictatorship.

Consultative Assembly Rejects De Gaulle's Proposal

PARIS, July 30 (Reuter): Confusion envelops French constitutional affairs after the defeat of General Charles de Gaulle's Government in the French Consultative Assembly last night by 210 votes to 19, when the three-day debate on General de Gaulle's proposals for framing France's new constitution cables Harold King, Reuter's special correspondent.

What Government will do next is not known, but the Assembly is meeting again this afternoon and presumably, alternative constitutional proposals will be made.

During the debate, General de Gaulle had indicated that if those who had hitherto supported him in his task of setting France on her feet again were to desert him on a fundamental point he would resign. "I do not say this in order to exercise any pressure on the opinion you are going to formulate. You will have to judge only in the light of service to the nation", he said.

NOT CLEAR

Whether General De Gaulle's threat to resign is to be interpreted as meaning that he will do so at once if the Assembly persists in its present attitude or whether it means that he will resign at some later stage is not clear. Government supporters suggest the possibility of Government itself modifying its original proposals in the light of some of the views expressed in the debate.

At the end of the debate many members admitted that they could not explain themselves what was the underlying idea which guided members in their votes. A Socialist member announcing that his party would vote against Government said: "It is well understood that this vote in no way signifies hostility to Government." Similar statements from other opponents have only helped to make confusion worse confounded.

POINT AT ISSUE

Since the debate opened on Friday, General de Gaulle had had to face an open accusation that he is seeking personal power.

Special objection was taken to the clause in the Constitutional Reform Bill by which Government might continue in office for not more than seven months after the referendum in October, for which the Bill provided, without being directly responsible to the new Assembly then elected. There were also objections to the principle of the referendum itself. The Consultative Assembly stressed its objection to Government exercising its power even for a limited period without being responsible to any elected body. It adopted "the principle of Government being responsible to the Constituent Assembly" by 268 votes to none.

Petain Broke His Promise

First Agreed To Shift French Govt. To N. Africa, Later Went Back On His Word

PARIS, July 30 (Reuter): Marshal Petain in 1940 agreed to let the French Government go to North Africa with the Parliament and President Lebrun, but later broke his promise, declared M. Edouard Herriot, the former Radical Premier of France, at the resumed hearing of the Petain trial today, writes Reuter's Special Correspondent.

Earlier the Judge announced that he had received a note from Petain's doctor saying that the 89-year-old Marshal could not bear the strain of a lengthy session to-day.

M. Herriot to-day described himself as a 73-year-old Professor. Speaking in a clear ringing voice, with his hands behind his back, he said: "I only want to put before you what is of interest to the nation. From the beginning I was wholly and energetically against the Armistice.

"At Bordeaux, Marshal Petain told us he was determined not to leave France. We said 'stay if you wish, but let the Government go to North Africa with the Parliament and President Lebrun.'

Marshal Petain agreed. His agreement was complete. That agreement was broken. He broke his promise. We never sailed."

Speaking of Petain's regime, M. Herriot said: "There was complete dictatorship."

LISTENS INTENTLY

Throughout M. Herriot's evidence, Petain listened intently with two trembling fingers behind his left ear, trying to catch every world. Now and then he nervously played with the brass fittings of his leather chair.

When M. Herriot ended his evidence, Petain turned to his counsel and said, "That is not what M. Herriot came here for."

The case for prosecution is now closed and evidence for defence will begin when the trial is resumed.

Marshal Petain, who was reported yesterday to have a slight cold, was stated by the President of the Court to-day to be suffering from laryngitis.

Prosecution's Case In Petain Trial

PARIS, July 30 (Reuter): The trial of Marshal Philippe Petain on the charge of treason will enter its second week today with the hearing of witnesses for defence.

Edouard Herriot, Speaker of the Chamber of Deputies which Marshal Petain abolished, was to have been heard as a witness for the prosecution, but, says Harold King, Reuter's special correspondent, he was unable to attend owing to indisposition. He may testify for the prosecution during the week.

Some 40 defence witnesses have been cited, though not all are expected to appear. During the past week the prosecution has been seeking to prove that Marshal Petain was involved in a plot before the war to overthrow the public to sell out to Germany during the war that he seized power unconstitutionally and betrayed the country after the Armistice.

The ordinary man here is feeling somewhat puzzled by the way the trial is going, no doubt because he unconsciously expected something dramatically new to emerge from it.

When M. Andre Mornet, the Public Prosecutor, addresses the witnesses for defence, it will be difficult for Marshal Petain to maintain the argument that he cannot hear. M. Mornet not only has a very penetrating voice, but sits less than six feet from Petain.

Whether Marshal Petain is deaf or not has been a question almost as much debated as whether he is traitor.

By the end of the week the prosecutor, or rather the jury, scored a distinct point against the defence by getting an admission from M. Maitre Isorni, assistant counsel for the defence, that Marshal Petain is "not deaf, but very hard of hearing."

"He can hear witnesses, but cannot hear the judge" was the defence counsel's final concession. But, as hardly anybody else in the court can hear the judge, either argument is perhaps not yet finally settled.

INDIA OFFICE MERGER PLAN

Wavell May Not Go To London

LONDON, July 30(U.P.I.): The United Press of India understands that soon after the completion of the Cabinet an India Committee of the Cabinet with Mr. Attlee, the Secretary of State for India, the Under-Secretary of State for India and Sir Stafford Cripps will be formed to draw up fresh instructions for the Viceroy.

If there is no substantial difference of opinion between the Cabinet Committee and the Viceroy the latter may not have to travel to London.

The Committee will be entrusted with the task of preparing a detailed plan for the merger of the India Office with the Dominions Department.

However an important development is the appointment of a British High Commissioner in India in accordance with the Wavell Plan. It is suggested here that this appointment will be made even if the rest of the Plan has been held up.

Mr. Noel Baker's name is mentioned as the first High Commissioner. He is a noted economist and an influential intellectual among the young Labour M.P.'s.

Laval To Fly To Paris

Will Give Evidence In Petain Trial

MADRID, July 30 (Reuter): The former Vichy Prime Minister Pierre Laval, who fled to Spain at the time of the German collapse and has since been interned at Mont Juich Fortress near Barcelona, is leaving Spain by air today, the Spanish News Agency stated.

Reuter adds, reports from Barcelona last week said M. Laval was planning to go to Paris to give evidence at Marshal Petain's trial and was intending to travel there at his own risk as he has been refused safe conduct by the French authorities to and from Paris.

"Intrepid" Returns To Duty

WASHINGTON, July 29 (Reuter).—The Navy Department announces that the 27,000 ton aircraft-carrier 'Intrepid,' which was hit five times by Japanese suicide planes and torpedoes, has now returned to duty.

The "Intrepid's" gunners and pilots accounted for 289 Japanese ships sunk or damaged and 650 planes destroyed. The carrier suffered 176 casualties. Among the "Intrepid's" victim was a Japanese aircraft-carrier.

JOHN AMERY RAISES BOLSHEVIK BOGEY

(Continued from page 1)

and its members would fight only against Communists. Promotion would be open to all men alike without any distinctions, political or otherwise.

The proclamation continued: "Within the limits of military possibilities the Legion of Saint George will fight at the junction of German and Finnish troops.

"British representation in Berlin has formally guaranteed to all ranks permanent and well-placed jobs in the British Administration and all priority in any other employment, once peace is signed or the possibility to form an elite of the British Army.

"Hundreds of soldiers have volunteered to join the Legion and many R. A. F. planes are coming over to us.

"We are going to write a new page in the history of the British Empire. Englishmen never, never will be slaves of plutocrats' tyranny".

It was signed "John Amery: April, 29, 1943".

OTHER OFFENCES

The prosecution claimed that John Amery was also guilty of a second class of offence, namely, propaganda speeches made on behalf of the enemy in many parts of Europe including Norway, France, Belgium, Yugoslavia and Italy.

The third class of offence was the series of broadcasts.

Amery's own explanation in connection with these matters was contained in a statement he made when an internee in Italy and a second statement which came into the possession of the Military authorities and which was a carbon copy of the memorandum for the German Foreign Office.

The prosecutor then read a long statement alleged to have been made by Amery to two British intelligence officers on his political activities in Europe. According to this, he left Britain except for some occasional visits, after his bankruptcy, early in 1937. He studied Communism extensively, particularly in conjunction with the French politician, Jacques Doriot. At the outbreak of war he was in San Sebastian in Spain and remained there and in Portugal until March 1940.

INTERVIEW WITH FATHER

In April of that year he had an interview with his father, Mr. Leopold Amery, and agreed to his father's suggestion that he should join up in one form or another. Before doing this he went to the South of France to wind up some business matters and while there, was trapped by the collapse of the French Army. The terms of the Franco-German armistice prevented visas being granted to British subjects of military age.

He had not and never had been called up for military service in view of his permanent residence abroad. He remained in South France doing nothing until the war with the Soviets broke out in June 1941.

He continued: "It was my considered opinion and that also of my friends, notably Doriot and Deat, that Europe was in the greatest peril of the Communist invasion: that this invasion would sweep the whole Continent and that nothing could stop it unless the different countries of Europe pushed through the social revolution which would spike the guns of Communists in their worldwide revolutionary activities.

"It was also our view that the Jewish race was mixed up and working hand-in-glove with Moscow. In consequence of this it came as a very great shock to me when I heard that England and Soviet Russia had become Allies.

UNITED FRONT AGAINST RUSSIA

"I thought people responsible in London were acting against British imperial interests. I went, therefore, to Vichy, determined to do what I could to create a united front of all nations against Russia."

He found Vichy, according to his statement, an "ultra reactionary government of priests, the worst type of French industrialists and militarists."

He was arrested in November 1941, as a hostage for some French Consul arrested by the British in Syria. Released after 18 days he attempted to get in touch with the former Italian Ambassador in London, Signor Dino Grandi, to see if Italian diplomacy could organise an end to "the civil war between civilised people when barbarians were at the gate." He received no reply and then offered to enlist in the Finnish Army. This was refused and then he was approached by the German Count Ceschi, the armistice chief for Savoy, with the request that he should go to Germany.

ARRIVES IN BERLIN

After some delay he received the formal assurance that he would be allowed to return if he desired. Accordingly, he arrived in Berlin in October 1942 where he began to discuss matters with a certain Dr. Hesse who held a position similar to Hitler's interpreter, Dr. Schmidt.

Amery's statement maintained that his views and outlook differed widely from other Englishmen in Berlin, notably William Joyce and Bailey Stewart because they considered themselves Germans."

He told Dr. Hesse that he was not interested in German victory but only in a just peace, adding that he believed that something could be done if he could give uncensored talks with a precise guarantee concerning British imperial territory. Dr. Hesse was surprised when he refused to accept anything except hospitality. He gave ten radio addresses and then pointed out that it was absurd to do this when five minutes later another Englishman was abusing the British on the German radio.

"BRITAIN WOULD COME IN"

After revisiting Paris he told Dr. Hesse that a British anti-Belshevik legion must be created however small, and urged that if Britain saw Europe united against Bolshevism, she would come in as well. He signed a proclamation dealing with mobilisation of volunteers but did not know whether it was effectually used or not.

Eventually another Englishman, Vivian Stranders, who was a member of the S.S., and whom he had never met, took the entire affair over. Thereafter, he accepted an offer from Dr. Hesse to control the secret radio station directed to England, but did not effect single transmission.

After describing various visits to France, Belgium, Norway and Czechoslovakia, Amery according to his statement, received an invitation to visit Mussolini at Lake Garda in October 1944.

Contrary to what he often been said, Musolini was then in the best of health and optimistic that he could create a social republic.

FAITH IN IL DUCE

Mussolini also believed that once northern Italy was organised, he, who had been responsible for organising the peace of Munich, could throw his whole weight into obtaining the peace which they had all been seeking for years. "Mussolini asked me to assist him in this", continued Amery's statement. "I consented readily all the more as he was much more likely to succeed in the negotiations where the Germans had so regularly failed."

After dealing with his radio speeches over Mussolini's network, the statement described another meeting with Mussolini on April 23, 1945, when the situation had so deteriorated that Mussolini believed that they must establish a defensive area in the Lake Como area supplied with a great stock of food, munitions and radio.

Mussolini said his object was to show that there was a sufficient number of idealists willing to sacrifice much to obtain a general anti-Communist front. Amery added, that while bound for Como to survey the possibilities, he was captured by Italian Partisans and, at his own request, handed over to the British authorities.

"I defy anyone to find in my speeches or in what I have written one single word against my country."

Amery's statement concluded with another lengthy denunciation of Communism.

ANOTHER STATEMENT

The prosecutor handed to the Magistrate another statement by Amery describing his activities in Belgium, and also held up a large red-bordered poster written in Italian bearing a photograph of John Amery denouncing the British Government for throwing the British Empire "into this criminal and ridiculous war" and declaring that a "Radio Synagogue" would be a better name for the London radio.

Witnesses were then called to describe Amery's attempt to get recruits for his British Legion from among the men interned at Saint Denis.

Private David Watson Philip of the Black Watch Regiment, captured in June 1940, said that Amery told him if he would join the legion he would receive all his letters and parcels from home and nobody would be any the wiser. Philip added that he lost his temper and attempted to strike Amery for which he was kept in a cell for three weeks receiving only bread and water for four days.

A civilian internee, Royston Francis Wood, said Amery told them that a British bomber had flown over to join the Legion and suggested that a British gunboat was also coming ever. Amery also told them that if they joined the anti-Bolshevik League, they could walk out of the camp and never enter it again. Amery was booed when he left.

A civilian internee, Wilfred Brinkman, said Amery told them that 1,500 men had already been recruited from prisoner-of-war camps in Germany.

TIRADE AGAINST CHURCHILL.

French and Belgian witnesses gave evidence regarding the speeches delivered by Amery in Lyons, and in Antwerp, during the German occupation in which Amery was alleged to have denounced Mr. Winston Churchill and to have ended his addresses by giving the Nazi salute and exclaiming "Heil Hitler."

Amery was committed for trial on a charge of high treason at the Central Criminal Court. The legal representative for the defence, Mr. E. P. Lickfold, said that Amery pleaded "not guilty" and reserved his defence until he came before the superior court.

The defending lawyer added: "Amery has a complete answer to this charge; and none of his actions has been directed against the British Empire. He is, and always has been, pro-British."

The date of his trial before the superior court has yet to be fixed.

London Indian Nationalists To Congratulate Bevin Today

Labour Reminded Of Blackpool Pledge Of Abolition Of India Office

LONDON, July 30 (A.P.I. Special): The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, will receive congratulations on the Labour victory from Indian Nationalists here.

It is understood that a letter on behalf of the Committee of Indian Congressmen is being despatched to the Foreign Office today. Among others the letter is signed by Miss Sehri Saklatvala, daughter of Britain's first Communist Member of Parliament, the late Mr. Shapurji Saklatvala.

The letter reminds Mr. Bevin of his declaration at Blackpool that the first task of the Labour Party, if returned to power, would be the abolition of the India Office.

The letter adds: "We are confident that the new era which has opened in Britain will also be an era of friendly alliance and good comradeship between the peoples of England and India. The beginning is the abolition of the India Office—the final thing is a treaty of friendship."

Indian Nationalist circles here are confident that the Labour Government will honour its repeated pledges to India and that relations between Britain and India will undergo a radical change in the near future.

BEATEN TORY CANDIDATE BREAKS DOWN INTO TEARS

(Continued from page 1)

undertake this gigantic task which means flying immediately to Potsdam. Soon after kissing the hands of the King, he went to a doctor who told him, he was in no state of health to undertake the most arduous, for him, the most hazardous journey—it was his first journey by air. Mr. Bevin had only slight opportunity to acquaint himself with the latest position at Potsdam deliberations.

I understand, there has been some kind of deadlock when Mr. Churchill and Attlee returned to London to hear the results. It will be Bevin's purpose to end the deadlock.

There are some people in London who anticipate in a period of months that Mr. Bevin may yet become Prime Minister. Indeed, soon after Labour's victory, it is said, Mr. Attlee suggested in a private conversation with Mr. Bevin his willingness to stand aside. Mr. Bevin's immediate generous response was "Oh no, not on your life, Clem, it is your honour." Indicative of Mr. Bevin's power is the fact that Dr. Dalton has gone to the Treasury. He is Mr. Bevin's own man. He will look out at the Treasury. Mr. Bevin's plans for industrial and financial reforms. Above all Mr. Bevin is determined that Mr. Morrison should not go to the Treasury.

It seems nothing has happened yet to end the feud existing between Bevin and Mr. Morrison.

There is no doubt the biggest danger to the Labour Party in its new power is Mr. Attlee who won't be able to produce policies which go far enough and move fast enough to satisfy some extreme elements in the party. It will therefore be Mr. Morrison's job to compel Labour rank and file to accept them.

SURPRISE FOR CHURCHILL

I am told Mr. Churchill's defeat came on him so suddenly, he had no time to say "goodbye" to those who had served him. By Friday night, detectives who had protected him suddenly disappeared and he woke up on Saturday morning at Chequers and asked "Where are my boxes: Aren't there any boxes for me this morning:" These boxes were handed over to the new Prime Minister at Number Ten. In fact, all Government papers ceased to be sent to Churchill. Even the chauffeur who used to drive him about had been transferred overnight to undertake duties of the new Premier.

It is reported that Mr. Bracken was more hurt by defeat than any other Conservative apart for Churchill's son-in-law, Duncan Sandys. Mr. Bracken as an English sportsman refused to shake hands in a sportsmanlike spirit with the victor of North Paddingdton Lieut-General Mason MacFarlane. As for Duncan Sandys, he broke down and wept bitterly.

WHY NOT LORD SINHA AS INDIA SECRETARY?

CAMBRIDGE, July 30. (A. P. I. Special): A suggestion that the Labour Government invite the only Indian Peer, Lord Arun Sinha, to take his seat in the House of Lords and accept a ministerial post at the India Office till its incorporation in the Dominion Office is made by the former President of the Cambridge University Majlis, Mr. Dilip Sen, in a letter to the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin, today.

Mr. Sen adds: "We are confident that you will implement your pledge for a solution of the political problems in India. The defeat of the former Secretary of State for India, Mr. Amery, is an indication of the desire of the British people for a solution of the Indian question".

ANTI-FRANCO REVOLT IN CUBA

Mob Storms Spanish Embassy Building With Stones

HAVANA, (Cuba), July 29 (Reuter).—An anti-Franco mob attacked the Spanish Embassy here with stones, smashing windows and destroying two cars and other property of the Embassy Staff, before the police broke up the riot.

Several people climbed on the front of the Embassy building and hauled down the Spanish flag.

The riot followed the arrival of a Spanish steamer with Senor Manuel Azar, Secretary at the Spanish Embassy at Washington, aboard. Large crowds, bearing banners stating "Down with Franco" and "Out with the Falange," demonstrated against Senor Azar, who did not come ashore.

University students are demanding that the Government should break off diplomatic relations with Spain.

Cuba, the largest island of the West Indies was a Spanish possession until 1898.

Jap Ambassador At Lisbon "Alive & Well"

LISBON, July 30 (Reuter): Contrary to an Ankara report published over the week-end, the Japanese Ambassador to Portugal Mr. Morito Morishima is alive and well in Lisbon.

Owing to a mutilation in transmission, Reuter adds, the name of Mr. Morishima was given for the former Japanese envoy to Portugal, Mr. Shiba, who committed suicide in Ankara after shooting his wife. Mr. Shiba had been interned since diplomatic breach between Turkey and Japan.

Mr. Ku Cheng-Kang, Minister of Social Acairs, has been appointed Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, succeeding General Sheng Shih-Tsi, former Governor of Sinkiang Province.

AZAD IN KASHMIR

SRINAGAR, July 30. (A. P. I.): Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, arrived in Kashmir today and was received at Tangrarg by Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah President of the Kashmir National Conference. The Maulana was profusely garlanded and given an ovation by a large crowd which had gathered to welcome him.

The Congress President and party then proceeded to Gulmarg.

MUDALIAR IN KARACHI

KARACHI, July 30. (A. P. I.): Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, leader of the Indian Delegation to the San Francisco conference, arrived in Karachi from London today.

Sir V. T. Krishnammachari and Mr K. P. S. Menon flew to New Delhi today.

Potsdam Conference May End On Wednesday

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): Tomorrow or Wednesday may see the end of the "Big Three" Conference. Opinion in all quarters in Berlin is that business should be concluded by then, Denis Martin, Reuter's special correspondent, cables from Berlin.

Another message from Berlin says that President Truman intends to report direct to the American nation by radio "when he returns this week to Washington."

On the other hand a Government spokesman in London says one reason for the postponement for a week—till August 15—of the state opening of Parliament was the Potsdam conference.

ATTITUDE UNCHANGED

The Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee, and his Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin are shrouded in the same secrecy as that which screened the predecessors, Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Anthony Eden.

Their attitude to the silence hitherto maintained is not known, according to Martin, but it seems certain from experience so far that the attitude of the British officials in the delegation has not changed in this respect with the change in the British Government.

Despite the worldwide interest in them and the anxiety to have even personal news about them, no information of any kind was forthcoming from British channels of information in Potsdam during the week-end.

Though the leaders of the "Big Three" nations are believed to have met 12 times, no inkling of what has happened in these discussions, or even as to what matters have been debated, has come from the conference zone.

TRUMAN REFUSES TO PREDICT DURATION OF FAR EASTERN WAR

POTSDAM, July 29 (U.P.A.): President Harry S. Truman told a reporter for the United States Army newspaper, "The Stars And Stripes", today, that "no man is smart enough to answer that one," when asked how long the war in the Far East will continue.

The President was confident of one thing, however, that the Allies will win a clearcut victory and will impose upon Japan the seven-point peace programme which they enunciated here last week.

CHURCHILL DECLINES ORDER OF GARTER

LONDON, July 30 (Reuter): The King has offered Mr. Winston Churchill the Order of the Garter, the highest British order of chivalry, but the ex-Prime Minister has asked to be allowed to decline the offer "in the present circumstances."

This is believed to be the first occasion on which a Commoner has declined the Garter.

The last Commoner to be made a Knight of the Garter was the late Sir Austin Chamberlain after his successful negotiation of the Locarno Treaty.

The King offered the order in recognition of Mr. Churchill's "great services throughout the war."

Only three other Commoners have received the Order, which dates back to 1348 when it was founded as a military order by Edward III.

R. P. Aivar's Appeal To Students

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The public of Bombay cannot be indifferent to what is going on in the J. J. School of Art. They cannot sit still while the Temple of Art is being converted into a cockpit of conflict. We have to agitate and carry on our struggle till success is achieved", declared Mr. R. P. Aiyar while presiding over a meeting of the students of the Sir J. J. School of Art held to-day at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall.

He appealed to the students to show their solidarity by coming out of their colleges and schools on Wednesday, August 1.

Mr. Ashok Mehta made an impassioned appeal to students to continue their struggle under the banner of the Congress. He said that the students must be prepared for greater sacrifices.

Messrs. George Vaz and N. Parmar also spoke.

10,000 PLANES READY TO SOFTEN JAPAN

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30. (Reuter): Over 10,000 Allied planes are reported to be ready for a massive softening up of the Japanese islands before the invasion—when the greatest attacking force ever directed in military history will be launched into action at the peak of the campaign in which two main far-reaching blows have just been struck, cables Reuter's special correspondent.

U. S. ECONOMY FACES CRISIS

Govt. Urged To Speed Up Industry To Avert Post-War Unemployment

WASHINGTON, July 29. (Reuter): A warning that there would be a crisis in the United States domestic economy "as costly as a military defeat" and involving widespread unemployment unless the Government speeded up industry is given in a special Senate Committee report issued here to-night.

The Chairman of the Committee declared that if the war against Japan suddenly ended, the United States would be largely unprepared to deal with home economy problems. Reconversion would not have progressed sufficiently to absorb manpower suddenly released, and unemployment on a large scale would probably ensue.

Head Clerk Of Ward Dept. Arrested For Bribery

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

A Head Clerk of the Watch and Ward Department, Gondia has been arrested on the alleged charge of accepting bribes while appointing sepoys. He is alleged to have been caught red handed by a raiding party which included a Sub-Inspector of Police and a First Class Magistrate.

Ban On Weekly Bazar Jalgaon Lifted

(From Our Correspondent)

JALGAON, (By Mail).

The authorities have now lifted the ban on weekly bazaars which was imposed owing to cholera. The bazaar is now held regularly as before and arrangements are made to supply dhoties. As the people did not get dhoties for a long time, long queus of people are seen in front of the shops to buy dhoties.

HAPUR RATES

HAPUR, July 30.

Wheat 10/4, Gram 8/14, Peas New 7/7, Old 6/9, Arhar New 7/8 Old 6/12, Bejhar 8/14/3, Stock Wheat 53, Peas 99, Ashar 86 Bejhar 9, Mustardseed 11, Gur 10/5, Jageree Fodder 11, Urad 14/9, Moong 10/10, Nasoor 10, Guwar Maha 7/2, Bardana Asoj 53/12, Silver 136, Gold 77/14, market quiet.

Indore Shares

INDORE, July 30.

Following are closing quotations Indore Malwa 774, Hukamchand 897, Bhandarimill 777, Vinodmill 690, Katyanmal 285, Kalyanmalpre 170, Rajkumar 170 Indore Bank 69

Karachi Cotton Market

KARACHI, July 30.

Cotton ready Sind Desi 39/12, Punjab Desi 24/8, Sind NT. 46/8 Four F. 40/4, Ready, market continued quiet unchanged with poor demand. Ready sales totalled 320, bales. In private January was quoted 45/4. Arrivals 4496, Exports 1045 bales. Silver Tuesday delivery 136/2, Gold 78/3.

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, July 30.

The market opened under healthy atmosphere and improved on scattered buying coupled with firmness of Bombay advices in comparison with Bombay Textile shares local selected scrips are considered to be at lower levels.

Closing quotations Ahmedabad Cotton 446/4/0, Ashok 625, Aryodaya Ginning 545, Arvind 1424, Ombika 456, Calico 13/8, Girdhar Harivllabh 317/8/0, Old Commerical 480, Jupiter 340, New Jahangir 1400, New National 377/8/0, Morris 117, Marsden 177, Monogram 1471, Rajratna 233/8/0, Sarasput 550, Vivekanand 422/80, Baroda Spinning 687/8/0, Differd 2256, Ordinary 418, Sayaji 282/8/0.

Following shares were given in delivery at weekend.

Ambika 221, Arvind 346, Calico 510, Maerdon 26 Monogram 51, Jupiter 32, Sarasput 27, Ordinary 65, Differd 22.

Japan To Be Struck By Biggest Invasion Force Ever

REAR ADMIRAL RAMSEY WARNS ENEMY

ALLIED NAVAL FORCES HIT HARD AT HEART OF JAPAN

GUAM, July 30. (Reuter): The Chief of Staff to the United States Fifth Fleet, Rear-Admiral D. C. Ramsey, said in broadcast today that invasion of Japan would be made by the most overwhelming force ever concentrated in military history.

Recapitulating the destruction already caused to Japan's fighting forces and summing up the fate now in store for Japan, he said, "Our Pacific enemy can ignore the proclamation made at Potsdam if he chooses but he cannot ignore the wholesale destruction of his men. It is a harsh fate which our enemy has chosen. In all history there is no more glaring example of a nation imposing disaster upon itself. For these people the language of bombs and guns is apparently the only convincing language."

Admiral Ramsay said:—"Carrier Task Forces in conjunction with carriers of the British Pacific Fleet have put the finishing touches on the job of rendering inoperative every major Japanese combat ship. In the past 19 days, since their fleet began to show off the Japanese coast our fleets have sunk 74 ships, damaged 157 more, damaged 411 aircraft, and battered several important coastal targets. Even our destroyers have swept the entrance to Tokyo Bay to bring enemy shipping under attack."

Japan Experiences Pearl Harbour Tragedy

Japan's homeland had a Pearl Harbour in reverse this week-end. The terrible tale of the havoc and ruin dealt to Japanese naval bases and industrial centres is told by Allied official reports today, and from preliminary assessment it is certain that the damage done has given the Japanese a mortal blow. Apart from the damage on land, every major Japanese combat ship has been put out of action.

Following powerful strikes by hundreds of Super-Fortresses and other Allied bombers and fighters, British and American battleships, including "King George V", and the American "Massachusetts", with Allied cruisers and destroyers, today delivered heavy punches to the heart of Japan.

Admiral Chester Nimitz reported from the United States Pacific Fleet Advanced Headquarters at Guam that early today a British Fleet Task Force and the American Third Fleet flung 1,000 tons of shells into Hamamatsu, an important manufacturing city south-west of Tokyo, with aircraft, railway plants and light engineering and textile industries.

Jap Battleship Sunk

No Allied warships were damaged.

The 35,000-ton "King George V" brought to bear a powerful armament of 10 14-inch guns and 16 5.25 guns. She was accompanied by a 6-inch gun cruiser, "New Foundland."

The United States' "Massachusetts", one of the Washington Class, completed in September 1942, is a vessel of 35,000 tons carrying nine 16-inch guns and 20 5-inch guns. The United States warships taking part were quincy, a heavy cruiser of the baltimore class completed in 1943 and the destroyers Abbot and Hale.

Admiral Nimitz reported that the Japanese battleship "Haruna", last of the once powerful Konga Class, was beached. She had been badly damaged by direct hits. The battleship is apparently resting on the bottom at Kure naval base.

ALLIED TROOPS BEING MASSED FOR TREMENDOUS BLOWS

BY MAJOR JAMES S. RICHARDSON

NEW YORK, July 27.—The detailed planning and training that precede any major Allied operation in the Pacific are evident again in current preparations for the invasion of Japan. Some of these preparations were revealed by General Jacob L. Devers, who last month succeeded General Joseph W. Stilwell as commander of the U.S. Army ground forces.

Devers, who commanded both American and French troops in the war against Japan's partner, said that the U.S. Army will have seven million troops together with all necessary supplies and supporting forces ready for the knockout in the Orient. He left it for the Japanese to guess what part of this force will be used against their homeland. But he made it clear that Allied troops will not be fed into battle piecemeal, as were German troops toward the end of the European war, but will be massed for tremendous and co-ordinated blows.

Veterans of European fighting customarily receive at least eight weeks' training for combat operations against Japan. The effectiveness of this training is greatly enhanced by other European veterans—the colourful Americans of Japanese descent who served with such distinction against Nazi Germany. They demonstrate enemy weapons and dramatize enemy tricks. The motto of the military intelligence training units to which they are attached is "know your enemy" and the Nisei emphasize the available facts in both the lecture room and the field.

Seven of these intelligence units already are at work in American training camps. In the next few days ten more will be on the job. These 17 units will employ most of the 3,000 Nisei troops. And thanks to them, American troops, before leaving for the Pacific, will not only be able to use standard Japanese weapons but can even identify them by their sounds.

NIGHT FIGHTING TECHNIQUE

This knowledge is useful in night fighting, on which special emphasis is placed. In Europe American troops often attacked successfully at night, indirectly illuminating battlefields by training searchlights on low clouds. This technique and other tested night fighting practices are being taught to men bound for the Orient.

Other instruction, Devers revealed, involves flame throwers of various types and jellied gasoline for scorching the enemy out of caves and underground redoubts. "Flame thrower equipment can be employed to much greater advantage against the Japanese enemy than against the Germans," he said. "In the training centers cave defence systems of the enemy are reproduced in detail so that troops can be experienced in the tactics of dislodgement."

The tactics of dislodgement will inevitably be followed by the tactics of destruction. For the Allied fighting men are getting ready, millions in the armies, millions in the navies and millions in the air forces are preparing for just one job—the defeat of Japan.—USOWI.

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CS/3-UPS.

A group photo of Lady Graduates and committee members of the S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University taken on the Convocation Day last Saturday. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, ex-Premier of Madras delivered the Convocation Address.

No Reshuffle In Greek Govt.

Regent May Accept Voulgaris' Resignation Later

LODNON, July 29 (Reuter): Reshuffle of the Greek Government at least until after the Potsdam Conference is not expected in informed quarters in London, despite the inaccurate week-end reports that the Government of Admiral Petros Voulgaris has actually resigned, cables Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

It is true that immediately after the resignation last week of Mr. John Sofianopoulos from the post of Foreign Minister, Admiral Vougaris offered his resignation to Archbishop Damaskinos, the Greek Regent. But official quarters in London believe that no further initiative has been taken either by the Prime Minister or the Regent.

It remains possible that at some later date Greek Regent will accept Admiral Voulgaris resignation. His Government has to some extent been weakened by the fact that it is a non-party Government. Faced with active monoeuvre of the Greek parties, in the period before election and plebiscite on monarchy are due to be held, non-party Government has had difficulty in controlling the situation.

Majority of recent reports of civil strife in Greece appear to be grossly exaggerated. But most reliable reports reaching London do suggest that the Right Wing, including Monarchists and the National Guard, have been guilty of disturbing the peace on a number of recent occasions and have exploited the belief that they enjoyed the support of the British Government.

The position of the Greek Government would certainly be further weakened if there was reason to suppose that it will enjoy less moral support from the Government of Mr. Clement Attlee than it did from the Coalition Government. Suggestions in the British press that the Labour Government will not be prepared fully to endore its predecessors policy in Greece have no doubt been noted in Athens. But there is so far no indication whatsoever of the intentions of the new Government in regard to Greece and if the general guess that Greece is on the Potsdam agenda is correct there is not likely to be a statement of Labour's policy until the conference is over.

HALIFAX TO RETIRE?

LONDON, July 29 (U.P.A.): The British Ambassador to the United States, Lord Halifax, will be among the first of Briton's diplomatic representative abroad to give up his post as result of the formation of a new Labour Government, the political commentator of the Sunday newspaper, "The Observer", said today.

U. P. MUSLIM LEAGUE MEETS

LUCKNOW, July 30 (O.P.I.): The first sitting of the Working Committee of the U. P. Muslim League was held under the presidentship of Nawab Ismail Khan when a resolution was passed authorising the President to issue an appeal for election funds for the coming elections in the Central and Provincial Legislatures. Pending realisation of election funds, the Raja Sahib of Mahmudabad has given a donation of Rs. 5,000 for starting the election campaign. Choudhry Khaliquz Zaman also attended the meeting.

Four Years' Jail For Abduction

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 29: Charged with abducting a minor girl—the daughter of a police head-constable of police, Pouni, Abdul Salam, a youth, son of a circle inspector of police, has been convicted and sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. M. N. Antarkar, additional sessions judge, Nagpur. The accused has been further awarded 9 months' rigorous imprisonment on the charge of attempting to commit suicide—the sentences to run concurrently. The accused, when he was apprehended by the police, had attempted to commit suicide by swallowing poison and also tried to administer poison to the girl but both were later on saved by the doctors.

CALCUTTA, July 29 (A.P.I.): The Mayor of Calcutta, Mr. Devendra Nath Mukherjee, has cabled to the new British Premier, Mr. Clement Attlee, congratulating him on Labour's victory in the election.

CAIRO EDITOR EXPLAINS SOVIET OPPOSITION TO BALKAN PACT

Says, Russia Wants To Secure Confidence Of Arabs To Extend Influence In Middle East

CAIRO, July 30 (A.P.I.): Mohamed El Tab'y, Editor of Cairo's "Akher Saa", who has recently returned from Turkey, believes that Russia wants to secure the friendship and confidence of the Arab world and to extend her influence in the near and Middle East.

But at the same time, he continues the Russians suspect groups of nations united together by agreements or pacts, particularly if they are backed by Anglo-Saxon or any other policy of which Russia is doubtful.

This is why Russia has opposed the Balkan and the Saadabad Pacts. Russia is also secretly opposed to the Arab League, although she is very anxious to gain Arab friendship.

Russia, El Tab'y thinks, would not openly show her enmity to the League lest she might lose Arab friendship but she is very careful about any steps that she takes.

Mohamed El Tab'y says that the obscure attitude of Russia towards the Levant problem has given both the Arabs and the French the impression that she is on their side.

NEW LEAGUE OF NATIONS

U. S. Will Take Two Months To Become Full Participant

WASHINGTON, July 29. (Reuter): It will be at least two months before the United States becomes a full participant in the successor to the old League of Nations which she repudiated 26 years ago, this in spite of the overwhelming vote—89 to 2—in favour of the United Nations Charter in the Senate last night.

The Senate ratification was described by the "New York Times" to-day as "the first instalment of an old debt."

ALLIES DISCOVERING HUMAN REMAINS IN TRIESTE

ROME, July 29 (Reuter).—Allied Military Authorities are understood to be investigating the discovery of human remains—estimated by the Rome newspaper "Libera Stampa" to a total of over 600 bodies—at the bottom of deep shafts in rocks behind Trieste.

The allegation by the "Libera Stampa" that bodies of ten New Zealanders had been found was today stated by a British officer on the spot to be untrue. No official Allied information was available in Rome today.

The "Libera Stampa" claimed that the corpses included 400 Italian customs guards and police, and over 200 Germans.

Describing the Italians as patriots who had fought alongside Marshal Tito's men against the Germans, the paper alleges that they had been massacred in cold blood by Yugoslav on or about May 4.

Duty Of Business Community

Dr. Alagappa Chettiar's Speech At Reception By Jupiter Staff

BOMBAY, July 30.

"We, as Indians and as members of the business community, owe a duty to ourselves and to the community to show that we can make money and make profits, not at the expense of others, but by adding to the common propsperity of the country", observed Dr. Rm. Alagappa Chettiar, the well-known industrialist and philanthropist of South India, on the occasion of meeting the members, staff, agents and field workers of the Jupiter General Insurance Company, the management of which he has taken over. Mr. J. C. Thakkar, the out-going chairman, presided.

Dr. Chettiar was accorded a cordial welcome by the executives, staff and agents of the company. Mr. E. S. Joel, General Manager of the Company, welcoming Dr. Chettiar, observed that it was a happy augury for the Company, which is the second largest composite insurance office in India, that so eminent a captain of industry as Dr. Chettiar would be at its helm. He added that Dr. Chettiar enjoyed a wide reputation as an authority on economics and finance and his endowments in the cause of education and his gifts to charity were so vast, that those alone would give an insight into his excellent qualities. He also paid a tribute to Mr. Thakkar for the keen interest he had taken in the interests of the company.

Mr. Thakkar, introducing Dr. Chettiar, said that he was a man of high intelligence, who had made numerous donations and as a man who was well respected all over the country. He said that during his tenure of office he had kept the name of the company as high as possible. He thanked the officers and workers of the company for the co-operation extended to him.

Dr. Chettiar, who was cheered as he rose to speak, expressed his feelings of joy and gratitude for their most cordial and warm welcome. He said that the Jupiter General Insurance Company was one of the finest and greatest insurance companies in India. "The sacred trust, as I call it, which is being handed over to me, will be worked to the best of my lights to serve the interests of the great and large number of shareholders and policy holders of the company and the country as a whole. The savings of every nation are the collective savings of individuals, and it is the duty of the State and the community to see that these great collections which are made up at terrible sacrifices of parents, people and guardians, should be carefully husbanded, and kept for the future generations, which are the beneficiaries of this trust. I am sure that in the task that I am undertaking, I can count upon the loyal and hearty co-operation of the members of the staff as well as of the large body of field workers of the company.

"The world is a shrunken world, or as the late Mr. Wendell Willkie said, is 'One World', and a rumour in one corner of the world, or the policy of a particular cabinet being changed, affects the fortunes of the poor investor, and it is therefore the greater reason that people who are at the helm of affairs of a company, should allow a sufficient margin for misfortunes that occur to their companies, even though they may not be at fault.

"I am indeed thankful to you for the legacy that has been left to me in the shape of this most prosperous company, and I am grateful to the founder of this company, the late Mr. Laljee Naranjee of revered memory. It has been referred to by one of the speakers that the unfulfilled ambitions of this great man might be realised during my life-time. I sincerely hope that it may be given to me, through the medium of this company, to carry out the ambitions of that venerable soul.

"I can assure you that it will be my constant endeavour to see that I give my greatest attention to the task that has been entrusted to me and to see that I will do nothing whatever to injure the feelings of any one or hurt the interests of anybody. It is with much trembling in my heart that I approach this task, and I hope that before long we will meet and say to ourselves 'There is a task well done.'

Mr. Samant, on behalf of the staff of the company, Mr. Merchant on behalf of Messrs. Mahendra and Company, Chief Agents, Mr. Bhagat (a broker of the company), and Mr. P. C. Dangaich, Chief Life Inspector also spoke on the occasion.

Hindustani Dictionary To Be Compiled

LUCKNOW, July 30 (O.P.I.): It is learnt that the Committee appointed by the Hindustani Prachar Conference will meet on August 3 at Wardha to discuss details for preparing a Hindustani dictionary. It is understood that Dr. Syed Sulaiman Nadvi of Shibli Academy, who is also a member of the Working Committee, will not attend the meeting due to his weak state of health.

TWO MULTI-MILLIONAIRES IN COURT

Alleged Criminal Conspiracy And Breach Of Trust: Episode Of Marriage Of Old Man With Young Girl

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).

An interesting and sensational criminal case, in which two multi-millionaire businessmen of the Jain community, among others, are figuring as complainant and accused respectively, has been proceeding in the court of Mr. V. D. Kekre, head-quarters magistrate, Khandwa.

The complaint has been filed in the court under Section 406 (criminal breach of trust) and 120-B (criminal conspiracy) by Seth Gambhirmull Jain, a business magnate of Jodhpur State against Sir Seth Hukum Chand Jain of Indore, Seth Gajraj, a business-magnate of Calcutta, Seth Tara Chand, Mr. Anokhelal Arjhare, pleader, Seth Motilal of Khandwa and four other persons.

The complaint is a sequel to the Gambhirmull-Laxmibai marriage episode in which the district judge of Khandwa had, in the course of the judgment delivered by him in the Gambhirmull-Laxmibai Guardian and Wards Act case, held that the marriage of the complainant—an old man with Laxmibai—a young girl was legal and valid and that the complainant was the guardian of the property of Mrs. Laxmibai.

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY

Seth Gambhirmull—the complainant in the present case—after recalling the story of his marriage with Mrs. Laxmibai and the subsequent proceedings brought against him under the Guardian and Wards Act for getting the marriage nullified by some of the accused persons in the present case, has, in the course of his complaint, alleged that on account of his enmity with him (the complainant—Seth Gambhirmull), accused Sir Seth Hukum Chand and his partymen instigated the members of the Jain community to create difficulties in the marriage and to see that it did not come off. Public feelings was roused and volunteers were sent from Indore to do the necessary propaganda to prevent the complainant's marriage with Mrs. Laxmibai. The complainant has further alleged that on or about March 8, 1944, a conspiracy was formed by five persons among others consisting of Sir Seth Hukum Chand, Seth Tarachand, Mr. Anokhelal Arjhare, Chhokalal and Seth Motilal of Khandwa. The application by Seth Motilal under the Child Marriage Restraint Act, the proceedings under the Guardians and Wards Act started by Chhokalal and the appointment of Mrs. Arzare—wife of Mr. Anokhelal Arzare, pleader—as the guardian of Mrs. Laxmibai, are alleged to be the overt acts in pursuance of the conspiracy.

MORE ALLEGATIONS

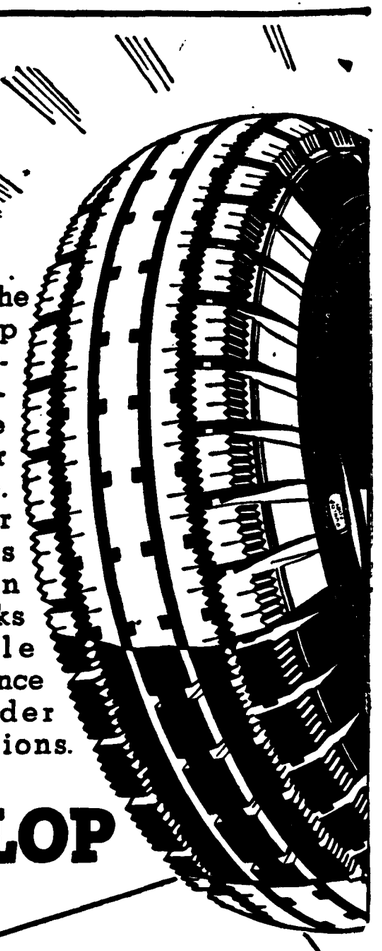
It is further alleged by Seth Gambhirmull, the complainant that after the girl—Laxmibai was handed over to Mrs. Arzare, and was kept at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Arzare, influence commenced working on Laxmibai and her parents. Mr. Arzare, it is alleged, received at least Rs. 12,000 from Sir Seth Hukum Chand for the assistance in winning over the girl Laxmibai and her parents. It is alleged that after realizing that the marriage between the complainant and Laxmibai had been solemnised, the conspiracy—the object of which was to prevent the marriage, adopted another object, i.e., of inducing the parents of Laxmibai and Laxmibai herself to deny the marriage. A bait was offered to them, it was alleged, that if they acted as they were told, they would be able to 'misappropriate' the property, i.e., ornaments worth Rs. 60,000 and cash Rs. 14,000 presented by the complainant—Seth Gambhirmull—to his bride—Laxmibai and further, that they would be suborned evidence get a declaration from the court that no marriage had been performed and that they would also get a young bridegroom for the girl, Laxmibai. They assured, the complainant alleges, the parents of Laxmibai that they would give every help to them in retaining the property with impunity. The bait was accepted and henceforth the object of the conspiracy, it was alleged, was to get the completed marriage, cancelled and criminally misappropriate the property of the complainant, i.e., the ornaments and the cash. The conspirators, the complainant alleges, acted dishonestly and removed the ornaments and cash from Khandwa to Indore and delivered them to Sir Seth Hukum Chand in order to place them beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

After the conspiracy to commit criminal breach of trust came into existence, it is alleged that Mr. Arzare and his wife communicated a message to the complainant that it was the desire of Laxmibai that some money should be paid to the relations of her mother who were creating difficulties. It was intimated to the complainant that if he paid Rs. 10,000 all disputes would be over. On this, the complainant sent one Mr. Hiralal Pattni with the sum of Rs. 10,000 to the Arzare's place and this amount was given to Laxmibai, who, it is learnt, handed over the amount to them.

The case has created considerable interest and is posted for the appearance of the accused on August 17, 1945. Dr. T. J. Kedar, Advocate, Nagpur, assisted by K. B. Syed Hifazat Ali and Rao Saheb M. V. Deodhar represents the complainant.

LAHORE, July 29 (A.P.I.): Ten Congress detenus were released today from the Sialkot District Jail.

They were received at the jail gate by local Congress leaders.



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Renewed Buying In Bombay Stock Exchange

BULL SYNDICATE BIDS UP COTTON PRICES

Bullion Market Firms Up On Active Support

BOMBAY, July 30.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled very steady. There was moderate buying and some short covering. The rise influenced some realising but tone was good. Steel shares were inclined to be offered on an advance, while cotton mill shares found persistent buyers. As a result of day's trading Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 12/8, Ordinary Rs. 2/-, Bombay Dyeings Rs. 15/-, Kohinoors Rs. 4/-, Swadesh Rs. 6/-, Nagpurs Rs. 4/-, Simplex Rs. 3/8 and Indore Rs. 9/-. In the cash section there was moderate selective buying. 3½ per cent Government Paper after declining to Rs. 101/15 ruled steady.

The Bull syndicate bought freely September contract to the extent of about 25,000 bales with the result that the cotton market ruled firm. The Cotton Committee of the Textile Control Board is meeting on Tuesday afternoon to take decision on floor and ceiling quotations for 1945/46 Indian cotton crop and the market is awaiting developments.

Bullion market was also firm on general local as well as up-country buying. Calcutta advices were firm. Produce market was barely steady with a modest support.

The Share Bazar was very steady today with renewed general buying and quotations of all speculative counters recorded moderate gains. The market opened very steady under the influence of firmer Bullion Market advices and with continued buying the upward trend was carried further but the rise attracted some realising and further improvement was checked. The market feeling remains constructive but after the recent rise there is more disposition to liquidate holdings of Steel Shares as all known bullish factors are discounted. Cotton Mill Shares still remain popular with hopes of higher quotations.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 2260 and advanced to Rs. 2267 and steadied at Rs. 2265 Ordinary Shares opened steady at Rs. 419 and improved to Rs. 421 and steadied at Rs. 420. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1976 and rose to Rs. 1885 while Kohinor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 623 and improved to Rs. 625 and later stood at Rs 623. Simplex Shares were quoted at Rs. 309. Central India at Rs. 392 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 309. Associated Cement Shares were placed at Rs. 211/8.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1981/4 Century 910 Nagpur 394 Swadeshi 561 New Great 398/8 Simplex 307 Kohinoor 623/8 Colaba 290 Gokak 209 Phoenix 619/8 Mysore 290 Indian Bleaching 171 Swan 319 Finaly 299/8 Morarjee 740 Indore 767/8 Edward Sassoon 637/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 417/8 Tata Steel Defd 2255

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 204/8 Andhra 1827/8 Tata Power 1900 Tram Ord 148/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 211/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 53/8 Alcock 425 Belapur 223 Shivrajpur 54 Steamer Ord 618/12 Scindia 37/6 Premier Construction 213

CASH SECTION

MILS: Apollo 4/4 Elphinstone 86 E. U. Ord 14/10 Dfds 3/0/6 Indian Mig 3765 Kurla 247/8 Khatau 233/12 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 376/4 Minerva 240/10 Bradbury 325 Bharucha Dfds 9/8 Bharat 66 Madhavji 20 Model 258/12 Laxmi Cotton 1410 Vishnu Cotton 500 Western 3610 Sholapur 7800 Sassoon Cotton 22/4 Hindustan 3810 Meyer Sassoon 195 Tata Mills 67 12 Ahd. Advance 413/12 Sassoon Silk 81 New Union 25/8 Poddar 340 Madhusudan 460 New 83 Shri Nivas 365 Raja Bahadur Poona 126/4 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 238/2 Surat 235 Surat New Premier 115 Karachi 240/10 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 15/1 Amalgamated 18/8 Jalgaon 11/2 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 211 New Premier 100.

BANKS:

Reserve 142 Imperial 2230 P. P. 563/12 Central 86 12 India 197/8 Union 9/6 Baroda 149 Habib 82 International 52 A B C 37 Dena Bank 69 United 80 Jaipur 70 Hindustan 66/4 National Savings F P 70/4 P P 90/8 Mysore 382 Exchange 58

INSURANCE

Oriental 6650 Empire 1225 New India 83 12 Jupiter 36/8 Vulcan 17/10 Indian Mercantile 66 Universal 15/10 Vasant 25 Br. I. Gen. 25 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 55.

RAILWAYS

Ahd. Prantij 730 C P 108 Mymensing Reb 111/8 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Serajganj 112/8 Sialkot 117 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Dhond Baramati 120 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 193/12 Burma Petrol 6/4 Tata Oil 75 Mackenzie 151/4 Port Canning 112/4 Zandu 213/12 Indian Radio Ord 455 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 124 Wimco 320 Tata Chemical 20/8 Dharmasi Chemical 42 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 26 Alembic 325 Supreme Industries 227/8 Jam Wire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 Indian Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 618 Associated Cement Coupon 20.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 225 Tata Steel Second 167/12 Tram 66 Andhra 1607/8 Tata Power 1725 Hydro 165/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 725 Vishnu 802/8 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 130 Bradbury 551/4 Surat Elec. 206/4 Premier Const. 1st 137/4 Second 137/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Habib 50 Tata Chemical 124/8 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 42/12 Bengal Steel 34/12 Indian Copper 3/6 B I C 7/14 Burma Corporation 5/13/6 New Victoria Mill 8/4 New Victoria Pref 9/10 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 74/4 Jhalton 165 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-i-Hind 2460 Sajjan 460 Osmanshahi 310 Ajamshahi 590

GOLD & SILVER

The local bullion market was firm to-day on active buying by Calcutta operators. It was reported that some professional operators in the Calcutta market are attempting a squeeze.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 20,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 78/3.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 134/12 and advanced to Rs. 135/12 on active buying by houses with Calcutta connections and there was some short covering. Later on there was scattered realising and the market steadied at Rs. 135/8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 135/11. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 77/14 and after advancing to Rs. 78/3 steadied at Rs. 78. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 78/1.

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Gold	78	7	0
Gold Settlement	78	3	0
Ready Silver	135	8	6
Current Settlement	135	7	0
Next Settlement	135	6	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The Cotton Committees of the Textile Control Board is to meet tomorrow to discuss the question of maximum and minimum cotton prices for the 1945-46 Indian cotton crop. There is a strong opposition to reduce the floor from Rs. 350 to Rs. 300 and a majority is in favour of raising the floor to Rs. 400. It is claimed that the present cotton price is uneconomic and is far away from general parity. The market is inclined to await decision. In the mean time the market opened to-day at Rs. 431 for September delivery and advanced to Rs. 432/8 on active buying by the syndicate. The market is highly manipulated and operations are considered very risky at present.

The market ruled firm on persistent buying and September advanced to Rs. 434/12.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

The local produce market was quietly steady with a restricted business: Groundnuts Nizam State Khandesh quality Buyers permit Rs. 17/6. August-September delivery Rs. 16/14. Goa delivery August-September Rs. 18. September-October Rs. 18/3. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 16/12, Goa Rs. 16/14 and Navlakhi Rs. 16/14. Linseed C. P. U. P. Rs. 19, August-September Rs. 19/2. Nizam State Rs. 18/14, Satna Rs. 18/12 and Navlakhi Rs. 20.

Calicut Quotations

CALICAT, July 30.

Cocoanuts Raw 80 Dry 90 Cocoanut-oil 363/8 Copra Office 225 Dilpasand 235 Madrasnottam 240 Goodgooda 235 Pepper Wynaad 350 Country 340 Dry-ginger Chehnad 240, Urnad 230 Coffee. Robusta 90.

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NEUTRAL AND SEMI NEUTRAL

TUBINGS AND APPARATUS

N.S.G. GLASS
Guaranteed Purity and Strength Govt. Certified
NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC GLASS WORKS
OFFICE 15, MULLICK STREET, CALCUTTA
FACTORY 295, GRAND TRUNK ROAD

****

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, July 30.

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 412/8 13/12 Apollo 4/4 4/3/9 4/4/6 4/3/9 4/4 Bharat 64 64/4 B Dyeing 1980 75 86/4 82/8 83/12 80 86/4 80 81/4 Central India (Ord) 392 93 92 95 93 95 93/8 94 Colaba 229 31 30 31 30 Broach 9/8 Bradbury (Pref) 547/8 51/4 Edward 640 37/8 Elphinstone (Ord) 86 Elphinstone (Pref) 130 Finlay 298/8 97/8 99/8 99 300.8 299/8 Gokak 310 8/8 10/8 9 India United Defd 3/0/3 2/0/6 3/0/3 3/0/6 India United Ord 14/9 6 14/11/6 14/9/6 14/11 14/10 Indore 757/8 67/8 63/12 70 62/8 67/8 Kohinoor 622 23/8 22 25/8 23 24/8 23 23/8 Luxmi 1410 Madhavji 20 Madhusudan 460 Meyer 195 Model 258/12 Morarjee 740 Mysore 290 New Great 392 93 92 93/8 92/8 95 93/8 Podar (Pref) 117 Sassoon Silk 81 Sassoon Cotton 22/4 Sholapur 7800 Srinivas (Ord) 363/12 65 Simplex 309 10 8 11 8/8 9/8 8/8 9 Swadeshi 557/8 61 59 65 61/8 64/8 61 Swan 319 18 18/8 Tata Mills 67 65/12 67/8 Vishnu 502/8 497/8 500 Western India 3610 Central Provinces Rly. 108

BANKS:

A B C. 37 Baroda 149/8 49 Central 86/8 86 12 86/8 86/12 Exchange 58 Habib 82 Imperial (Old) 2225 30 Imperial (New) 565 62/8 63/12 India 193/12 (Ex. Div). International 52 National Savings (F.P.) 70/8 National Savings (P.P.) 40/8 Reserve 140/8 42 (Ex. Div). Union 9/7 9/6

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 238/2 Andhra Valley 1822/8 27/8 Tram (Ord) 148 49 48/8 Tram (Pref) 68 Bombay Suburban 211/14 Hydro (Ord) 204/8 Power (Ord) 1900

INSURANCE

British India 24 25 Indian Mercantile 66/8 66 Jupiter 36 37 36/8 36/12 36/8 New India 84/4 83/12 Oriental 6650 Vulcan 17 5 17/10 (Ex Div). Bombay Steam 618/12 Scindia 37/9 37/12 37/9 37/11 37/6 Tata Steel Defd 2260 57/8 62/8 56/4 57/8 63/12 66/4 62/8 65 61/4 60/4 52/8 55 Tata Steel Ord 419/8 18/8 19 18 21 18/8 20 17/8 Tata Steel 2nd Pref 168 67/12

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 426/4 25 A. Cement 211 12 11/8 Belapur 223 22/8 23 Burmah (Old) 532/8 30 35 32/8 Burmah (New) 193/12 B. B. Petrol 6/2/3 6/4 Indian Bleaching 169 71 Port Canning 112/4 P. Construction 213 Shivrajpur 53 53/4 52/8 54 Tata Chemical (Ord) 20/6 20/10 20/8 Tata Oil 76/8 75 Walchandnagar (Ord) 615 Poddar Mills (Pref) 117 Indian Mfg. 3700 3765 Shrinivas Mills (Pref) 100 New Union Mills 25/8 26 Hindustan Mills 3810 Eastern Bank 101 Surat Elec. (New) 115 Premium Alembic Chemical (Ord) 325 McKenzies, Ltd. 151/4

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MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 30.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/8 7/32 1 and 2 months 90 Days/st. 1/8 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 19/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328 1/2.

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs. 298 3/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c., 3 to 6 months 1/2 p.c., 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c., 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Very Easy.

Bankers' Clearing

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers Clearing House during the week ending 27-7-1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,48,100

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 43,57,41,634/15/8

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 621 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, July 28.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
I.C.C. September	432	429	430/12

PURGE OF NAZI OFFICIALS

HERFORD, July 29 (Reuter): All Chief Nazi local government officials have been removed in the British zone in Germany, Lieutenant General Sir E. H. Barker, British Military Governor of Schlesw (Gholstein) and Hambourg, disclosed in a letter to the German people.

General Barker said: "They have been replaced by men whom the Government can trust. They work under supervision of the British Military Government, but as they show their ability to do so they are being permitted daily to shoulder more and more responsibility."

BELGIAN GOVERNMENT LIKELY TO SWING LEFT?

LONDON, July 29 (U.P.A.): A "Daily Telegraph" despatch from Brussels today said that the dilemma facing the Belgian cabinet may result in the formation of a popular government, if the Catholics, who represent the right wing persist in their opposition.

The popular front which would have to be formed by the Socialists and Liberals, would entail a swing to the left by the Liberals who so far have not shown any desire to do so. The Communists represent only a small part of the representation, the dispatch said.

Nazi Scientists Still At Large

FRANKFURT, July 29 (U.P.A.): Some of Germany's best war making brains still are at large in the areas occupied by the Allies, because no orders have been issued for their arrest, Allied officers said here today. They referred to Nazi scientists who perfected the weapons used so effectively by the Wehrmacht including rocket guns and the "V" weapons.

Some of the scientists have been questioned, and it is probable that a number of them will be rounded up in the near future.

"HE LIVED LIFE OF SERVICE AND DEVOTION"

SALEM, July 29 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, in the course of a letter to Mr. T. Parthasarathy, grandson of the late Dr. C. Vijiaraghavachariar, a former President of the Congress, popularly known as "G.O.M." of South India, says:—

"I was very sorry to learn from the newspapers while in prison about the passing away of your revered grand-father. I held him in high esteem and I had the good fortune of knowing that he had a soft corner in his heart for me. He lived a life of service and devotion to the country and it was very worthy of him to have been thinking of the future of the country till the last moment of his life. We all feel poorer by his departure. He had, however, lived up to a great age and his services will be remembered by the grateful people."

As regards the proposal of erecting suitable memorial to Dr. Vijiaraghavachariar, Dr. Rajendra Prasad expresses full sympathy with the object and hopes that the efforts of the Committee which was formed for the purpose of raising funds would be successful.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, July 30.

Following are today's quotation on the Madras Stock Exchange:—

Sugars and Breweries. Deccan 31 Do 75; India Sugar 32; South India Nil; Travancore 17/4; Breweries 23; Plantings; Coohin Malabar 19/4; Chembra Peaks 10/3/6; Fringfords 16/4; High Produce 29/6; Kalpettas 35; Malankara 91/4; Manalur 5/2; Ouchterlony 10/3; Pullangodes 3/2/6; Thirumbadi 4/9/6; Udayagiri 12/14; Valkundam 22/2; Vellamalai 33/8; Vellitam 34/8; Woodlands 12/8;

Textiles: B and C Ordy 360; Balasubrahmania 114/4; Cambodia 31/2; Dhanalaxmi 379; Janardhana 125; Kalleeswarar 700; Kothari Tex 32; Mettur 161; Vasant 310

Miscellaneous: Hind Trust 21/12; Ind St Roll 9/10; Madras Safe 58; Mysore Chem and Fert 25; Mysore Chem and Mfrs 31; Mettur Chem 16/2; Do Defd 5/11/6; Singareni 21/14; Spencer 14/6.

Mill Buying In New York Cotton Market

NEW-YORK, July 28.

Cotton opened quiet and barely steady, and declined further on hedging and scattered liquidation from timid holders in view of week-end uncertainties and the belief that the Japanese rejection of the joint ultimatum was discounted by the market. Prices finally steadied on mill buying against textile orders and the market closed steady at three points lower to two points higher.

Chicago Grains Steady

CHICAGO, July 28 (UPA). Grain prices ruled steady during today's quiet session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange.

Rye led the advances on covering after the Government call for a public hearing on August 15th regarding possible further curbs on speculative operations.

Wheat met further mill buying due to a firm cash position and reports that the Government was accumulating supplies of practically all terminals at prices above futures.

Closing prices for wheat:

Delivery	Previous	July 28
September	1.64 7/8	1.65 1/4—3/8
December		1.65 1/4—3/8
May		1.64 1/2—5/8

GRIEVANCES OF LEASE-LEND OPERATORS

Deputation Waits On Home Secretary For Alteration Of Scheme

A deputation consisting of Messrs. W. W. Egerton, Walchand Shah (Vice-Presidents of the Lease Lend Operators' Association) and D. H. Rajpal (Hon. General Secretary of the Lease Lend Operators' Association) waited on Mr. G. G. Drewe, I.C.S., Home Secretary to the Government of Bombay, at Poona on 25-7-45, when the following points were urged:—

It was pointed out that prior to 1942 there was practically 'one bus one owner' or 'one lorry one owner' and during the said period a huge military demand came and the individual bus and lorry owners could not fulfil the military demand and at that crucial time, the Government of India created the Lease-Lend vehicles and Lease-Lend Operators to carry out the huge defence work which was in progress then. The Lease-Lend Operators invested to the extent of 3 crores and worked under very difficult conditions for the successful prosecution of the war and now practically the war is won and the peace is in sight, the Government of Bombay should not wipe them out by prohibiting them from participating in the Rail-Road Scheme.

It was further pointed out that the Government of Bombay ought not have made this division of "War Time Operators" and "Old Operators" as no other province has so far attempted divide the operators and further that the Lease-Lend Operators were created by the Government for the benefit of vital defence work and the Government should at least provide a living for them in their future plans. It was also urged that simply because the Lease-Lend operators were war-time operators, they should not be excluded from participating in the scheme as the Government of Bombay and the Railway Board—who are absolutely new comers and are in a worse footing than the war-time operators—are to be given 65 per cent share. It was also pointed out that although Lease-Lend operators were created to help the war works, at that time during the years 1942-43, it was understood by the operators that after the war is won, they would be allowed to carry on their private transport in their various zones in the Province of Bombay and at that time it was never made known to the Lease-Lend Operators that the Government would create Monopoly Companies in various zones, which would exclude them from running their transport service in the said zones. It was further pointed out that the scheme was very drastic so far the Lease-Lend operators were concerned and they would have no chance to operate their vehicles in the areas of the 11 zones created by the Government and practically they shall have to swarm in the City of Bombay, which has been excluded from the said scheme.

Mr. D. H. Rajpal, on behalf of the Bombay Region Operators further pointed out that the whole scheme was completely unfair to the Bombay Region operators as 75 per cent of the total permits of the whole province of Bombay have been issued by the Bombay Region and some of them have been countersigned by other regions. Besides by reason of the creation of Bombay-Poona Zone, the proposed Company was given a monopoly and would take goods from Bombay and bring goods to Bombay on the Bombay-Poona line and thus the operators will have practically nothing to do except a little work of the industries prevailing in the City of Bombay.

Mr. Drewe gave a patient and sympathetic hearing to the deputationists but expressed regret that the Lease-Lend Operators could not be given any share in the province of Bombay and assured that he would do his best to see that Lease-Lend vehicles were taken over at a fair price by Government after they are relieved from their war works.

HOUSING HAS PRIORITY OVER OTHER ISSUES

LONDON, July 30 (UPI): The United Press of India learns that in home affairs housing will receive priority over all other subjects at the hands of the Labour Government.

One of the first tasks of the Government will be to pass legislation giving the local authorities and the State wider and speedier powers to acquire land for the construction of houses.

CALCUTTA, July 29 (A.P.I.): Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, former Premier of Bengal has sent the following cable to the British Prime Minister:

"The opposition in the Bengal Legislative Assembly on behalf of millions of the province offer you heartiest congratulations on Labour triumph and hope that with the speedy restoration of Constitutional Government in Bengal, Labour will be enabled to achieve their high ideals for the alleviation of distress in this ill-fated province."

WHEN HAFFKINE TRAINED CHINESE DOCTORS

The resources of the Haffkine Institute, Bombay, were put to considerable strain during 1942 and 1943, states the Director's report on the working of the Institute during those years. Owing to the danger of air-raids, large quantities of therapeutic sera had to be supplied to different Provinces and the newly-organised Department of Serum Production had to increase its work considerably to cope with the demands.

Heavy demands were also made on the Department of Pharmacology, which gave valuable assistance to the Army. All pharmacopoeal preparations and other medical supplies purchased by the Army in Western India, or imported through the Port of Bombay, were submitted to this Department for analysis, the number of samples analysed exceeding 2,600. This helped to maintain the quality of medical supplies for the forces at a high level.

There were unusually heavy demands for vaccine, particularly for cholera vaccine, owing to an outbreak of cholera. These demands were met in spite of a scarcity of agar.

Following the outbreak of plague in China, the Institute made arrangements to give a large number of Chinese medical officers, sanitary engineers and bacteriologists intensive training in methods of controlling plague epidemics and in the large-scale production of plague vaccine and therapeutic sera.

A new Department of Nutrition was established at the Institute. After rationing had been introduced in Bombay City, a large number of samples of foodstuffs was sent to the new Department for analysis, and technical advice was given on nutritional matters.

The Institute also organised a blood bank, in collaboration with the Red Cross Society. A plasma drying machine was built in the Institute, from local resources, and the plasma obtained from blood was preserved by drying it from the frozen state for the first time in India. There were 2,981 donors of blood in 1942 and 2,027 in 1943, and the yield was over 325 litres of plasma.

NEW PLAGUE VACCINE

A new plague vaccine was developed, much more potent and much less toxic than the old Haffkine Vaccine. Two field trials were carried out with chemotherapeutic treatment of plague, using "sulpha" drugs and anti-plague serum, and the relative merits of the drugs were tested. It was found that both sulphadiazine and sulphathiazole produced marked curative effects.

NEW DRESSING FOR WOUNDS

The Department of Pharmacology investigated the treatment of war wounds, and evolved a technique of dressing wounds with a cod liver oil-sulphonamide paste and a sulphanilamide impregnated pad. This treatment was given an extensive clinical trial in Burma and is being adopted as a routine treatment.

The income of the Institute for the two years was respectively Rs. 5,85,705 and Rs. 6,75,496; and the expenditure was Rs. 4,56,430 and Rs. 7,09,701, respectively.

COMMON HIGH COURT FOR DECCAN STATES?

MIRAJ, July 30 (UPI): "The idea of having a Common High Court for all the Deccan States, is only the first step for having a collective and beneficial working of many nation building departments for all the Deccan States", thus observed H. H. the Rajasaheb of Aundh in an interview to the United Press of India.

Continuing, His Highness said: "This idea of having corporate existence of all the Deccan States Group, is nipped at its very root if we could have two or more High Courts, which cannot spring up without having any power complex behind it. Once the principles of partnership and equality are made applicable to all the Deccan States, irrespective of their size, revenue or population, there cannot come up any practical difficulty in the field of co-operative working. There are many departments like roads, irrigation, medical relief, technical education, etc., where an individual State has little scope to work but a good deal of progress could be made with collective funds. In these days of democracy, ideas of prestige and power must give place to the people's good and their welfare. To have two High Courts for this small Unity of the Deccan States will be an unnecessary luxury; besides, both institutions having insufficient work. The idea at the bottom of establishing a Common High Court for the Deccan States is to bring all these rulers over a common platform as far as the imparting of justice is concerned, and on which there can be very little scope for difference of opinion."

POLITICAL REFORMS IN RAMDURG STATE

RAMDURG, July 30 (U.P.I.): An assurance that he would take further steps towards granting more political reforms to the States people was given by the Raja Saheb of Ramdurg inaugurating today the third session of the Ramdurg Legislative Assembly.

He revealed that a post-war reconstruction fund would be opened soon for the State and a committee would be appointed to formulate schemes of reconstruction.

The Raja Saheb said that he was always in favour of any scheme that would better his subjects' lot.

He added that a decision about a Joint High Court scheme would be reached before the end of 1945.

In conclusion, His Highness declared that the right to institute suits against the Darbar was granted to the Ramdurg subjects.

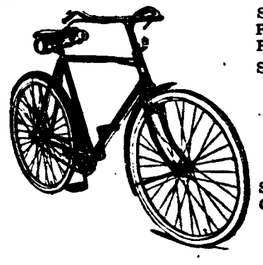
EXPANSION OF GOVT. MEDICAL FACILITIES

BARODA, July 30 (U.P.I.): In pursuance of the Government policy of expanding medical facilities in rural areas, three new dispensaries have been sanctioned to be opened at Umrakh in Navsari district and at Kalol and Soja in Mehsana District.

No By-Election In Madras

MADRAS, July 30 (A.P.I.): No by-election will be held for the present to fill the vacancy in the Madras Legislative Council caused by the death of Sri Devireddi Ramasubba Reddi who represented the Cuddapah general constituency, according to an official notification.

THE CANARA BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED
ESTD.: 1906
Head Office: UDIPI
Local Office: 1st Floor, Ready Money Mansions, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
With our experience of nearly 40 years and with a net work of Branches and Agencies in all Principal cities of India, we offer the best of banking facilities.
Banking Business of every description transacted.
K. KRISHNA RAO, B.A. (Hons) C.A.I.I.B., Agent, Bombay.


SUCCESS IN LIFE DEMANDS PUNCTUALITY
PUNCTUALITY DEMANDS SPEED YOU CAN DEPEND UPON
H. B. C. BICYCLE
THAT GLIDES FOR SAFE & SMOOTH SPEED
GIVE YOUR CHILDREN THE H. B. C. SPEED TO GO WITH SPEED IN LIFE.
HINDUSTAN BICYCLE MFG. & INDL. CORPN. LTD.
PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTORS Wanted.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Was Getting Ready For A Blac k-Out Drill — By BUD FISHER

THAT'S A JERSEY COW! DON'T YOU KNOW WHAT A COW IS?
OH, SURE! I KNOW IT'S A COW BUT I NEVER NOTICED THOSE THINGS ON ITS HEAD BEFORE!
YOU BOOB, THOSE ARE ITS HORNS! ANYBODY KNOWS THAT!
STORAGE BATTERY
MOOOOO
WHICH HORN DID SHE BLOW?

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8-

To be paid in advance.

LOST

Minguelim, a Christian boy age 11 years partly dumb wearing white shirt, gray pant, brown, canvas shoes, living at Balm Mansion, Pitha Street, Fort. Lost since Sunday evening. Anybody who can give information where the boy is should immediately communicate with his father at the above.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Engineers to undertake fabrication and erection of iron structures; also plumbers and electrical contractors for the above. Apply De Luxe Talkies, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (8972)

Wanted capable local Representatives to push sale of Machineries (Cotton & Tape looms) on salary and commission. Apply with reference Pravati Trading Corporation, 22F, Ramdhon Mitter Lane, Calcutta. 4254

Wanted contractors to undertake oil painting and interior decoration work. Apply De Luxe Talkies, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (8972)

Vacancies exist for Temporary Clerks 'A' Grade in the scale of Rs. 60-3-75 plus 25 per cent increase in pay in lieu of overtime when required to work systematic overtime and dearness allowance as admissible. The posts are temporary and are likely to last for the duration of the war. Applications from those unwilling to be posted outside Bengal or already in the employment of the Defence Services will not be considered. Applications from Govt. servants will be considered only if (a) forwarded through proper channel and (b) the Head of the department concerned is prepared to release the applicant, if selected. Preference will be given to qualified typists. Applications stating age and full details of qualifications and experience should reach the Inspector of Metal & Steel, Ishapore, B. & A. Railway by 13th August, 1945. 4249

Wanted fully experienced Bus Driving Instructor. Must be a first class driver, capable of teaching driving. Height not less than 5 feet 6 inches. Must be able to speak Hindustani, Marathi and English fluently. Age 35-40. Salary Rs. 150 to Rs. 250 plus benefits of Company's Provident Fund. Apply in writing only giving full particulars to The Traffic Manager, B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., Electric House, Fort, Bombay No. 1. 4253

Wanted part time Hindustani Instructor. Must be a trained graduate with Urdu or Hindi as mother tongue or subject for the B.A. and good command over Nagri and Urdu scripts. Preference to holders of Hindustani Shikshak Sanad, if otherwise suitable. Salary Rs. 30 p. m. Apply Principal, Secondary Training College, Churchgate, Bombay, before 6th August 1945. (4262)

Wanted for the D. J. Sind College, Karachi, a Lecturer in Gujarati in the grade of Rs. 75-15|2-150 E.B. 10-250 E.B. 15-400, with Provident Fund benefits. Salaries below Rs. 100 per mensem carry a dearness allowance of 25|- so that the salary plus dearness allowance at no time exceed Rs. 100 p. m. Starting salary according to qualifications. Applicants should be M.A.'s (at least Second Class—with Principal Gujarati and Sanskrit Subordinate). Applications stating age, academic qualifications, teaching experience and minimum salary required along with recent testimonials should reach the undersigned by 15th August, 1945. H. M. Gurbaxani, Principal, D. J. Sind College. 4232

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

3 Prizes & Medals awarded to Banaji's Tutorial Commercial class Kennedy Bridge Gowalia Tank Bombay in Advanced London Banking & Auditing Diplomas. Courses for Non-Matriculates Undergraduates, Graduates. Morning (9—9-45) or Night (8-10—9) as convenient. L.C.C., F.C.C.S. (Secretarial) F.B.A.A. (Accountancy & Auditing) Diplomas. New batches to be formed 2nd & 16th August & 3rd September.

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medcal, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar. 8797

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. The Luxmi Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). 8955

For Teddy Vinegar, 2|- gl. in Dhobitalao Byculla. Dadar. Apply Post Box 6654, Bombay 20. (8925)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Manufacturers and Distributors of Medicine, Stationery, Perfumery, etc., for Sole Agency arrangement in Eastern India, please write to S. & S. Dutt-Majumdar, 101A, Ballygunje Place, Calcutta with samples and terms. (8974)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale Infra Red Controlled heating equipments for Paint drying, dehydration, chemicals, general Industrial Heating and Medical treatment. Apply The Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. (8967)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Bombay, the 9th July, 1945.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, No. 3, Strand Road, Calcutta, on TUESDAY, the 21st August, 1945, at 11-30 A.M. (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Balance Sheet of the Bank made up to the 30th June 1945, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

W. LAMOND,
Managing Director.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

OWING to the necessity for the strictest economy in the use of paper, the Proceedings at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on the 21st August, 1945, will not be published and issued to Shareholders.

W. LAMOND,
Managing Director.

4251

SHARK LIVER OIL— BOMBAY BRAND

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES (Government of Bombay) is pleased to announce that the Medical Practitioners' Co-operative Society, Ltd., 275, Princess Street, Bombay, have been appointed Sole Stockists for the Province of Bombay for the sale and distribution of Shark Liver Oil—Bombay Brand, produced by the department. 4214

TENDER NOTICE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals),
Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of condemned Dry Batteries and cells, unserviceable weighing 200 tons, lying at the Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay, subject to the conditions of sale on contract Con. 117.

The stores can be viewed at site by previous appointment with the Chief Ordnance Officer, Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay. Intending purchasers should fully satisfy themselves about the condition of the stores, before submitting their offers.

The tenders should be submitted in a sealed cover superscribed "TENDER NO. CS|MFD|3430 due on 15-8-45", and should reach this office by 4 P.M. on 15-8-1945. The offers should remain open upto 5-9-45. 4241

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from qualified Sanitary Inspectors, for the posts of Sanitary Inspectors and Sanitary Sub-Inspectors and from qualified Health Visitors.

(1) SANITARY INSPECTORS—Pay: Rs. 70-10|2-150, PLUS permanent travelling allowance Rs. 20 p.m.
(2) SANITARY SUB-INSPECTORS—Pay: Rs. 70-5|2-90 PLUS permanent travelling allowance Rs. 15 p.m.
(3) HEALTH VISITORS—Pay: Rs. 75-10 2-175, PLUS Rs. 20 p.m. permanent travelling allowance.

The scales of pay are liable to revision after the War. The staff is eligible for dearness allowance as sactioned from time to time and also to draw temporary increase in permanent travelling allowance.

The posts are temporary for the present. Applications stating qualifications, date of birth, caste and sub-caste, place of domicile and previous experience should reach the DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY, POONA, BEFORE 15TH AUGUST, 1945. 4210

STOCK RETURNS OF YARN FOR THE MONTH ENDING 31ST JULY, 1945

THE ABOVEMENTIONED return is due by the 5th of August, 1945, and is to be submitted in the prescribed form, to the Provincial Textile Controller, Opp. Kalachowki Post Office, Parel Road, Bombay. IF NO BUSINESS HAS BEEN DONE, BLANK RETURNS SHOULD BE SUBMITTED. Licence holders are requested to see that the stock returns are submitted in time.

J. K. THAKORE,
Provincial Textile Controller,
Bombay.
Bombay, July 31, 1945. 4060

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Advance essential, Sweetest Mango Fruits 100, Rs. 16|-; Mango, Lichi, Seedless Guava grafts dozen Rs. 24|-; Kaghzilime Rs. 12|-; Sirkari Bagh, Darbhanga. 8419

Wanted 700 first-class chairs. Apply De Luxe Talkies, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (8972)

Wanted collapsible gates, iron doors, windows, etc. Apply De Luxe Talkies, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (8972)

Wanted Ceiling Fans, foreign make. Apply De Luxe Talkies, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. (8972)

Wanted Cement Corrugated sheets. Apply Box No. 8973, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

It is anticipated that during the Poona Season and particularly when Race Meetings take place at Poona, many persons will desire to travel between Bombay and Poona. The G.I.P. Railway regrets that owing to heavy demands for the movement of essential traffic it will not be possible to run any additional main line trains and only very few additional coaches can be attached to the existing trains. It may be possible on HOLIDAYS ONLY to run a special train composed of suburban coaches from Bombay to Poona and back and a notice will appear in the Press prior to each occasion. As more people are likely to desire to travel between Bombay and Poona than can be accommodated, intending passengers are advised not to travel unless they must.

The following arrangements will be made by the G.I.P. Railway for the regulation of traffic:—

(i) Return tickets for all the classes will be issued from Bombay to Poona at 2 single journey fares. These tickets will be sold on each Race day and the day previous thereto, and will be available for completion of the return journey for 4 days from the date of issue.
(ii) Tickets and reservation tickets available by 19 Dn Poona Express leaving Bombay on Race Days and 47 Dn Deccan Queen leaving Bombay the day previous to each Race Day will be issued from 10 o'clock A.M. on the day before that on which the tickets are to be used.
(iii) Not more than 2 tickets will be sold to any individual, nor more than 2 seats reserved at any one time by 47 Down and 48 Up Deccan Queen and 19 Dn and 20 Up Poona Expresses.
(iv) Reservations not taken up will cease to be valid 5 minutes before the departure time of the Deccan Queen and Poona Express trains, after which all vacant seats in the trains will be filled by other persons who may be waiting. Ticket Inspectors will be posted to conduct passengers who do not hold reservation tickets to the available vacant seats. Passengers for whom accommodation is not thus available will be requested either to travel by a later train or to travel in a lower class if accommodation is available. Intending passengers including season ticket holders are advised to reserve their seats, but passengers who do not hold reservation tickets will nevertheless be admitted to platforms subject to the above conditions.
(v) To discourage black market operations, refunds on unused tickets of any class purchased for use by the Deccan Queen to Poona on the day prior to a Race Meeting or by the Poona Express on the Race Day mornings will not be granted at the station, but unused tickets should be handed over to the Station Superintendent, who will pass a receipt for them and forward the application to the Chief Traffic Manager for further action. Reasons for cancelling the intending journey should be stated in writing by every person surrenderng an unused ticket and every refund granted will be liable to 10% deduction.
(vi) No platform tickets will be issued for 19 Down Poona Express and 33 Down Poona Passenger trains on Race Days Only ticket holders will be admitted to the platforms from which these trains depart.
(vii) To assist passengers on their return journey the Conductor of the Deccan Queen leaving Bombay on days preceding Race Days will note requests for provisional reservations on the return Deccan Queen. This will not guarantee that accommodation is available and such provisional reservations must be confirmed by the purchase of reservation tickets and production of journey tickets at Poona.
(viii) On Race days No. 22 Up Passenger train will leave Poona at 19-30 hours instead of 17-00 hours and will arrive at Victoria Terminus at 0-15 hours. A Dining car will be attached to this train and no buffet car or restaurant car will run on 20 Up Poona Express on Race Days.
(ix) In order to provide the maximum accommodation when two 1st class and two 2nd class dining cars are run on the Deccan Queen, only one dining car of each class will function as such and the other dining car will be used for seating purposes. Passengers holding II class tickets will not be permitted to use the I class dining car.

4255

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Public Health Department

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of 70 pairs of healthy bullocks of 12-1|2 hands, i.e., 50 inches in height and between the ages of 3 and 5 with a tender deposit of Rs. 2,000|- will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on Friday 10th August not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.)

The successful tenderer will have to complete the supply within 2 months from the date of acceptance of the tender and no extension of time will be granted under any circumstances.

Forms of tender will be supplied to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned who will give further information required.

The supply will have to be made in Bombay.

(Sd.) B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality.

Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30th July, 1945. (4256)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Public Health Department

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of all or any of the following articles for six months commencing from 1-9-45 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner on Friday 10th August not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.)

Gram about 5,24,900 lbs. or Mung or Muth or Urid about 7,42,100 lbs. and salt about 4,706 lbs.

Tenders will be accepted as a whole or split up in parts at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioner.

Forms of tender specifications, etc., will be issued to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned from whom further information, if required, can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid is Rs. 7,000|- only.

(Sd.) B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality.

Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 30th July, 1945. (4257)

NOTICE

AN HISTORICAL ESSAY COMPETITION upon Raghuvamsa of Mahakavi Kalidasa, written in English, Hindi (pure) and Sanskrit has been arranged by the Navaratna Smriti Sangha of New Delhi. A prize of Rs. 200|- in cash will be awarded to the best essayist and a gold medal will be awarded to the second best. Last date of submission of paper is the 31st August, 1945. For particulars apply to the Honorary General Secretary, Navaratna Smriti Sangha, 17, Panchkuin Road, New Delhi. (8975)

NOTICE

OWNERS of Motor Vehicles are informed that the work of inspection, weighment and registration of motor vehicles will be temporarily suspended by this office with effect from Monday the 6th August, 1945, until further notice.

E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation, Bombay.
Motor Vehicles Dept.,
Gymnasium Rod, Bombay,
28th July, 1945. (4258)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

Mr. GULAMALLY HABIB, of Bombay has contracted to sell to my client his immovable property situate at Santa Cruz, opposite the Railway Station in Saja Bandra bearing Survey No. 101, Hissa Nos. 2 and 5 and Survey No. 102 A, Hissa No. 1, Survey No. 104, Hissa No. 1 and Survey No. 105, Hissa No. 15, admeasuring together about 2 acres and 10 (ten) Gunthas or 10930 Square Yards or thereabouts, free from all encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against the said property in any manner whatsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at "Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay" or at his residence at "Vaidya Cottage, Park Road, Vile Parle" within 14 days from this date, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1945.

K. K. VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorney. (4261)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the undermentioned works:—

(1) Guniting the 57" steel mains in Tulsi Pipe Road from Nardulla Tank Road to Elphinstone Road and
(2) Repairing two Nos. of the said mains by welding and will be received upto 1 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME) on Wednesday the 22nd August 1945.

The deposits to be paid with the tenders will be Rs. 2,000|-.

1. Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.
2. Tenders must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.
3. No tender will be accepted without the prescribed deposit being paid along with it.
4. No unsealed tender will be accepted.
5. The tenders and deposit should be brought to the Municipal Office separately but simultaneously on the due dates before 1 P.M. (B.T.). They will not be accepted on a separate dates.
6. Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. five for each tender to any one deputed to receive them by the Hydraulic Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.
7. In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.
8. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

E. A. NADIRSHAH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Hydraulic Engineer's Office,
Improvement Trust Building,
Napier Road, Fort.
Bombay, 20th July, 1945. 4260

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the following works:—

(1) Encasing the 57" steel mains in Sleater Road with 2" reinforced gunite, and
(2) Welding and patchplating the said mains, and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday the 22nd day of August 1945.

The deposits to be paid along with the tenders will be Rs. 2,000.

1. Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.
2. Tenders must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.
3. No tender will be accepted without the prescribed deposit being paid along with it.
4. No unsealed tender will be accepted.
5. The tenders and deposit should be brought to the Municipal Office separately but simultaneously on the due dates before 1 P.M. (Bombay Time). They will not be accepted on separate dates.
6. Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5|- for each tender to any one deputed to receive them by the Hydraulic Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.
7. In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.
8. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

E. A. NADIRSHAH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Hydraulic Engineer's Office,
Improvement Trust Building,
Napier Road, Fort.
Bombay, 30th July, 1945. 4259

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Anarkali, (B.C.) LAHORE.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS from trained women graduates, with Urdu as their mother tongue are invited for two posts of assistant teachers for the Municipal Rahimtoola Currimbhoy Urdu Training Institute for Muslim Women, Bombay. For one of the posts, the applicants must have taken mathematics as their special subject for the Degree Examination. The grade of the posts is Rs. 125-5-175 plus the dearness allowance of Rs. 22|- p.m. so long as it is sanctioned by the Corporation. The selected candidates will be governed by the revised Municipal Service Regulations and will be entitled to the benefits under the Municipal Provident Fund Rules. Muslim Women whose mother tongue is Urdu will be preferred. The candidates will have to come to Bombay at their own cost for an interview by the Schools Committee. The selected candidates will have to serve on probation for one year. Applications stating age, caste, mother-tongue, qualifications with the year of passing the examinations and the subjects taken for the examinations and details of previous experience, if any, should be addressed to the Secretary, Schools Committee, Gilder Tank Building, Grant Road, Bombay (7), so as to reach her not later than 11th August, 1945.

K. KHANDVALA,
Secretary, Schools Committee.

The Schools Committee's Office, Gilder Tank Building, Grant Rd. Bombay (7), 27th July, 1945. (4254)

In time of emergency particularly you may find yourself in a place where water supplies are doubtful. Then you may be in danger from the waterborne germs of enteric, dysentery and diarrhoea. But not if you have *Milton* with you. With *Milton* you can sterilize your drinking water and the water for washing vegetables, salads, etc., and for cooking. Always carry a bottle of *Milton* for this emergency (and many others). Add a tablespoonful of *Milton* to a gallon of the doubtful water (i.e. 16 drops to a tumbler). Stir it well. Let the water stand for 5 minutes, and then it will be germ free and safe, yet it will have no sharp chemical taste. *Milton* has made that suspicious water safe to drink. Remember, when you're not using it, keep your *Milton* firmly corked.

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